

Mary Shelley
Frankenstein
or The Modern Prometheus



Mary Shelley

Frankenstein or The Modern Prometheus

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Abbreviations

esp especially

fml formal

inf informal

lit literary

old old-fashioned

opp of opposite of

os oneself

pl plural

ref referring to

sb somebody

sg singular

sth something

Words that you should know, have been marked by • in the annotations.

How to survive without a dictionary

The following techniques will in many cases help you to find out the meaning of unknown words, without having to consult a dictionary. Especially in this text, which was written in rather formal language over 200 years ago, some of these techniques will help you a lot.

1. Word families

The meaning of many unknown words can often be determined by identifying the root word and then finding out how the prefix (*Vorsilbe*) and/or suffix (*Endsilbe*) changes its use and meaning. Therefore, it is useful to know the meaning of certain prefixes and suffixes (your grammar will have a more complete list).

Prefixes

• dis- as in distaste negation or opposite: not liking sth. / hating sth.

un- as in unfailing negation: not failing,

unending

• in- as in ingratitude negation: not being

grateful (Undankbarkeit)

• im- as in immortal negation or opposite: not able to die (unsterblich)

Suffixes

• *-less* as in *boundless* without sth (here: without borders)

•	-er (and -or) as in comforter	forms nouns to describe people who do things
•	<i>-en</i> and <i>-ify</i> as in <i>to</i> weaken or to gratify	to form verbs from adjectives
•	-ful as in sorrowful	to turn verbs into adjectives (full of sth)
•	-able (and -ible) as in resistable	to turn verbs into adjectives (sth can be done)
•	-ion as in application	to turn adjectives and verbs into nouns (act of doing sth)
•	-ment as in concealment	often turns a verb into a noun (the result of doing sth)
•	-ness as in inquisitiveness	turns adjectives into nouns
•	<i>-ence (-ance</i>) as in repentance	turns a verb into a noun
•	-ity as in affability	turns an adjective into a noun
•	-ant as in luxuriant	often turns a noun into an adjective

A word whose prefix and suffix must both be known in order to understand it is: $intolerable \rightarrow not$ (in-) able to (able) tolerate. You'll find other examples as you go along.

2. Similar words in other languages

Your own language, or words that you know from other languages (Latin, French, Spanish, etc.), may help you discover the meanings of unknown English words. For

example benevolent (from Latin bene + volent \rightarrow well wishing) or mien (from the French mine = expression, or German Miene). Another example is: to suffer from fatigue or to be fatigued from the French: fatigue.

3. Context

By looking carefully at the words or sentences before and after an unknown word or expression, you can often discover its meaning. Examining the context in which a word appears, is by far the most important technique. Take the word *crevice*, for example: it is used in connection with window panes that have been covered in wood. One of these has a *crevice* through which the neighbouring room can be observed. *Crevice* then is likely to be a small hole or a narrow opening.

However, finding the meaning of a word is not always as simple as that. Sometimes you have to dare to make an intelligent guess after examining the context. The further you are into the novel, the easier this becomes. It helps too if you read the book in large chunks and not little by little. You sort of 'groove into' it, and can imagine a scene or part of the story more vividly.

4. Sound

Sometimes saying a word out loud will suggest its meaning, because you will hear what it describes. When the rain *patters*, you may guess from hearing the word that this is the noise that the rain makes on a window.

Finally, it is important to accept and remember that you will not understand every word you read. This happens in your own language and certainly happens in a foreign

language. Don't let that frustrate you. You do not need to know every single word to understand the general sense of a sentence or paragraph. Take the sentence "She procured plain work; she plaited straw ..." Even if you don't know what the word *plait* means or if you do not understand our explanation at the bottom of the page, you will still understand the main idea. So be courageous and ignore certain words that you don't understand. If they keep coming back and start annoying you, then you should definitely look them up in a dictionary.

Alphabetical list of most frequently used words

To help you further, we have added four topic-based lists at the end of the book, each arranged in alphabetical order. These lists contain the most frequently used words from the following wordfields:

- Words and emotions with positive meanings
- Words and emotions with negative meanings
- Words related to horror
- Words describing the monster

About the author and this text edition



Mary Shelley was born in London on August 30th 1797. Her parents were Mary Wollstonecraft, a feminist, writer and philosopher, and William Godwin, a philosopher and political radical. Her mother died eleven days after giving birth to Mary.

In contrast to her contemporaries, Mary received a profound education and used her father's extensive library. The family often welcomed famous visitors, e.g. Romantic poets like <u>Wordsworth</u> or Coleridge.

When she was sixteen, Mary Shelley met the poet Percy Bysshe Shelley, who was 22 at the time and married. They both fell in love and <u>eloped</u> in 1814, leaving Percy's pregnant wife behind. In 1815, Mary gave birth to a daughter, who died soon afterwards.

In 1816, she gave birth to a son, William. The couple spent the summer on Lake Geneva with the poet <u>Byron</u>. The idea for Frankenstein was first conceived during a ghost story competition that also <u>yielded</u> the novel *Dracula*.

On their return to England, the Shelleys had to endure the loss of Mary's half-sister and Percy's first wife, who both committed suicide. Mary and Percy got married in 1816.

The novel *Frankenstein* (that had first been conceived as a short story) was published anonymously in 1818 with a preface by her husband. The same year, the Shelleys left Britain for Italy, where their second and third children died before Shelley gave birth to her last and only surviving child, Percy Florence Shelley.

In 1822, Mary's husband Percy drowned in a boating accident. Mary continued to write and publish novels, she also edited other writers' work.

In 1831 a slightly revised edition of *Frankenstein* was published, which is the version presented here. In her preface to the 1831 edition, Mary Shelley said: "I will add but one word as to the <u>alterations</u> I have made. They are principally those of style. I have changed no portion of the story, nor introduced any new ideas or circumstances. I have mended the language where it was so bald as to interfere with the interest of the narrative; [...] leaving the core and substance of it [*the story*] untouched."

However, this is not strictly true. She changed the structure of the book – the 1818 edition had three volumes, the 1831 edition appeared in one volume with an ongoing chapter count. Also, in the later edition, destiny plays a larger role in the characters' behaviour. One of the main

differences to the original edition is that Elizabeth is described as an orphan and not as Victor's cousin (even though they "called each other familiarly by the name of cousin", see p. 42 l. 7).

Mary Shelley died of brain cancer on February 1st, 1851 in London, aged 53.

<u>William Wordsworth and Samuel Taylor Coleridge</u> 18th century English poets <u>to elope</u> to leave home in secret to get married or live together

Lord Byron 18th century English poet
to yield to produce sth positive
alteration change

Frankenstein *or*

The Modern Prometheus

Did I request thee, Maker, from my clay

<u>To mould</u> me man? Did I <u>solicit</u> thee

From darkness <u>to promote</u> me? –

Paradise Lost.

Prometheus [prəˈmiːθiəs] in Greek mythology, a Titan chained and tortured by Zeus for stealing fire from heaven and giving it to humankind

to mould to shape

to solicit to ask

to promote here: to advance, to upgrade

Letter I

To Mrs. Saville, England.

St. Petersburgh, Dec. 11th, 17—.

You will rejoice to hear that no disaster has accompanied the <u>commencement</u> of an <u>enterprise</u> which you have regarded with such evil <u>forebodings</u>. I arrived here yesterday, and my first task is <u>to assure</u> my dear sister of my welfare and increasing confidence in the success of my undertaking.

I am already far north of London, and as I walk in the streets of Petersburgh, I feel a cold northern breeze play upon my cheeks, which braces my nerves and fills me with <u>delight</u>. Do you understand this feeling? This breeze, which has travelled from the regions towards which I am advancing, gives me a foretaste of those icy climes. Inspirited by this wind of promise, my daydreams become more fervent and vivid. I try in vain to be persuaded that the pole is the seat of frost and <u>desolation</u>; it ever presents itself to my imagination as the region of beauty and delight. There, Margaret, the sun is for ever visible, its broad disk just skirting the horizon and diffusing a perpetual splendour. There—for with your leave, my sister, I will put some trust in <u>preceding</u> navigators—there snow and frost are banished; and, sailing over a calm sea, we may be wafted to a land surpassing in wonders and in beauty every region <u>hitherto</u> discovered on the <u>habitable</u> globe. Its productions and features may be without example, as the phenomena of the heavenly bodies undoubtedly are in those undiscovered solitudes. What may not be expected in a country of eternal light? I may there discover the wondrous power which attracts the needle and may regulate a thousand <u>celestial</u> observations that require only to render their seeming eccentricities this voyage consistent for ever. I shall satiate my ardent curiosity with the sight of a part of the world never before visited, and may tread a land never before imprinted by the foot of man. These are my enticements, and they are sufficient to conquer all fear of danger or death and to induce me to commence this <u>laborious</u> voyage with the joy a child feels when he embarks in a little boat, with his holiday mates, on an expedition of discovery up his native river. But supposing all these conjectures to be false, you cannot contest the inestimable benefit which I shall confer on all mankind, to the last generation, by discovering a passage near the pole to those countries, to reach which at present so many months are <u>requisite</u>; or by <u>ascertaining</u> the secret of the magnet, which, if at all possible, can only be effected by an undertaking such as mine.

These <u>reflections</u> have <u>dispelled</u> the <u>agitation</u> with which I began my letter, and I feel my heart glow with an enthusiasm which <u>elevates</u> me to heaven, for nothing <u>contributes</u> so much <u>to tranquillise</u> the mind as a <u>steady</u> purpose—a point on which the soul may fix its intellectual eye. This expedition has been the favourite dream of my early years. I have read with <u>ardour</u> the accounts of the various voyages which have been made in the <u>prospect</u> of arriving at the North Pacific Ocean through the seas which surround the pole. You may remember that a history of all the voyages made for purposes of discovery composed the whole of our good Uncle Thomas' library. My education was neglected, yet I was passionately fond of reading. These

volumes were my study day and night, and my <u>familiarity</u> with them increased that <u>regret</u> which I had felt, as a child, on learning that my father's dying <u>injunction</u> had forbidden my uncle to allow me <u>to embark</u> in a seafaring life.

These visions faded when I <u>perused</u>, for the first time, those poets whose <u>effusions entranced</u> my soul and lifted it to heaven. I also became a poet and for one year lived in a paradise of my own creation; I imagined that I also might obtain a niche in the temple where the names of Homer and Shakespeare are <u>consecrated</u>. You are well acquainted with my failure and how heavily I bore the disappointment. But just at that time I inherited the <u>fortune</u> of my cousin, and my thoughts were turned into <u>the channel of their earlier bent</u>.

Six years have passed since I resolved on my present undertaking. I can, even now, remember the hour from which I dedicated myself to this great enterprise. I commenced by <u>inuring</u> my body to hardship. I accompanied the whale-fishers on several expeditions to the North Sea; I voluntarily endured cold, <u>famine</u>, thirst, and <u>want</u> of sleep; I often worked harder than the common sailors during the day and devoted my nights to the study of mathematics, the theory of medicine, and those branches of physical science from which a naval adventurer might derive the greatest practical advantage. Twice I actually hired myself as an under-mate in a Greenland whaler, and acquitted myself to admiration. I must own I felt a little proud when my captain offered me the second dignity in the vessel and entreated me to remain with the greatest earnestness, so valuable did he consider my services.

And now, dear Margaret, do I not deserve to accomplish some great purpose? My life might have been passed in ease and luxury, but I preferred glory to every <u>enticement</u> that wealth placed in my path. Oh, that some encouraging

voice would <u>answer in the affirmative</u>! My courage and my <u>resolution</u> is firm; but my hopes <u>fluctuate</u>, and my spirits are often depressed. I am about <u>to proceed</u> on a long and difficult voyage, the emergencies of which will demand all my <u>fortitude</u>: I am required not only to raise the spirits of others, but sometimes <u>to sustain</u> my own, when theirs are failing.

This is the most favourable period for travelling in Russia. They fly quickly over the snow in their sledges; the motion is pleasant, and, in my opinion, far more agreeable than that of an English <u>stagecoach</u>. The cold is not <u>excessive</u>, if you are <u>wrapped</u> in <u>furs</u>—a dress which I have already adopted, for there is a great difference between walking the deck and remaining seated motionless for hours, when no exercise prevents the blood from actually freezing in your veins. I have no ambition to lose my life on the post-road between St. Petersburgh and Archangel.

I shall <u>depart</u> for <u>the latter</u> town in a fortnight or three weeks; and my intention is to hire a ship there, which can easily be done by paying the insurance for the owner, and to engage as many sailors as I think necessary among those who are accustomed to the whale-fishing. I do not intend to sail until the month of June; and when shall I return? Ah, dear sister, how can I answer this question? If I succeed, many, many months, perhaps years, will pass before you and I may meet. If I fail, you will see me again soon, or never.

Farewell, my dear, excellent Margaret. Heaven shower down <u>blessings</u> on you, and save me, that I may again and again <u>testify</u> my <u>gratitude</u> for all your love and kindness.

Your <u>affectionate</u> brother, R. Walton.

```
commencement beginning
enterprise project
forebodings (pl) a feeling that sth bad is going to happen
to assure to make sure, to convince
to brace here: to prepare, to strengthen
delight joy, happiness
to advance • to move forward
fervent emotional and passionate, intense
vivid • lively, intense
desolation • extreme sadness and loneliness
to skirt to run along the edge of sth
to diffuse (of light) to be soft and spread out
perpetual continuing forever, everlasting
splendour great beauty
leave (old) permission
to precede to go before
to move lightly through air or water
to surpass to be better or greater than
hitherto (lit) until now
habitable [hæb.ɪ.tə.bəl] suitable to live in
solitude • (lit) a lonely place; loneliness
eternal • lasting forever, permanent
wondrous (old) extraordinary
needle here: of a compass
celestial relating to the sky
to render to cause to become, to make
eccentricity odd or unusual behaviour, deviation (Abweichung)
consistent constant, reliable
to satiate ['ser.[i.ert] to completely satisfy (etw. stillen)
ardent passionate, with strong feelings (leidenschaftlich)
curiosity the desire to learn or know more
to tread (treaded/trod, trodden/trod) [tred] to walk on
enticement attraction, temptation (Verlockung)
sufficient enough
to conquer to gain control over (überwinden, besiegen)
to induce to persuade sb to do sth
to commence to start, to begin
laborious difficult, requiring a lot of time and effort
conjecture guess, assumption
to contest [kənˈtest] to disagree (about)
inestimable [r'nes.tr.mə.b<sup>a</sup>l] too great to be measured
requisite essential, necessary
to ascertain [.æ.əˈteɪn] to find out
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```
reflection thought, idea
to dispel to drive away
agitation excitement, disturbance
to elevate to lift
to contribute to play a part in (beitragen)
to tranquilise to calm down
steady • stable, constant
ardour passion, enthusiasm
prospect* ['prps.pekt] possibility, chance
familiarity acquaintance, knowledge (Vertrautheit)
regret disappointment
injunction here: last will; order
to embark to start, to choose as a career
to peruse [pəˈruːz] to examine, to read
effusions sth said with a lot of emotion (Ergüsse)
to entrance [in'trains] to fill with joy
consecrated holy
fortune* Vermögen
the channel of their earlier bent here: I remembered my earlier plans
to resolve to decide
to dedicate os to sth to start working towards a goal
to inure sb/sth to sth [m'juər] to cause to be less affected (abhärten)
famine feeling of hunger
want here: lack, absence
to devote os to sth to give time or effort to sth
naval (old) relating to ships or shipping
to derive to take or get from
to acquit (old) to behave well, esp under stress (sich bewähren)
dignity here: rank, position
vessel ship or large boat
to answer in the affirmative to say yes
<u>resolution</u> decision, determination (Entschlossenheit)
to fluctuate to change frequently
to proceed here: to go
fortitude courage, mental strength
to sustain to support
stagecoach a horse-drawn carriage used in the past to carry passengers
excessive [ek'ses.iv] extreme, too much
wrapped covered
fur hairy coat of an animal
to depart to leave
the latter the last of several things referred to
blessing help or happiness from God (Segen)
to testify to give proof of
```

gratitude thankfulness
affectionate loving, caring

Letter II

To Mrs. Saville, England.

Archangel, 28th March, 17—.

How slowly the time passes here, <u>encompassed</u> as I am by frost and snow! Yet a second step is taken towards my enterprise. I have hired a vessel and am occupied in collecting my sailors; those whom I have already engaged appear to be men on whom I can depend and are certainly possessed of <u>dauntless</u> courage.

But I have one want which I have never yet been able to satisfy, and the absence of the object of which I now feel as a most severe evil, I have no friend, Margaret: when I am glowing with the enthusiasm of success, there will be none to participate my joy; if I am <u>assailed</u> by disappointment, no one will <u>endeavour</u> to sustain me in <u>dejection</u>. I shall commit my thoughts to paper, it is true; but that is a poor medium for the communication of feeling. I desire the company of a man who could sympathise with me, whose eyes would reply to mine. You may deem me romantic, my dear sister, but I bitterly feel the want of a friend. I have no one near me, gentle yet courageous, possessed of a cultivated as well as of a capacious mind, whose tastes are like my own, to approve or amend my plans. How would such a friend repair the faults of your poor brother! I am too ardent in execution and too impatient of difficulties. But it is a still greater evil to me that I am self-educated: for the first fourteen years of my life I ran wild on a common and read nothing but our Uncle Thomas' books of voyages. At that age I became acquainted with the celebrated poets of our own country; but it was only when it had ceased to be in my power to derive its most important benefits from such a conviction that I perceived the necessity of becoming acquainted with more languages than that of my native country. Now I am twenty-eight and am in reality more illiterate than many schoolboys of fifteen. It is true that I have thought more and that my daydreams are more extended and magnificent, but they want (as the painters call it) keeping; and I greatly need a friend who would have sense enough not to despise me as romantic, and affection enough for me to endeavour to regulate my mind.

Well, these are useless complaints; I shall certainly find no friend on the wide ocean, nor even here in Archangel, among merchants and seamen. Yet some feelings, <u>unallied</u> to the <u>dross</u> of human nature, beat even in these <u>rugged bosoms</u>. My lieutenant, for instance, is a man of wonderful courage and enterprise; he is madly <u>desirous</u> of glory; or rather, to word my phrase more characteristically, of <u>advancement</u> in his profession. He is an Englishman, and in the midst of national and professional <u>prejudices</u>, unsoftened by cultivation, <u>retains</u> some of the noblest <u>endowments</u> of humanity. I first became acquainted with him on board a whale vessel; finding that he was unemployed in this city, I easily engaged him to assist in my enterprise.

The master is a person of an excellent <u>disposition</u> and is remarkable in the ship for his gentleness and the mildness of his discipline. This circumstance, added to his well-known integrity and <u>dauntless</u> courage, made me very desirous to engage him. A youth passed in solitude, my best years spent under your gentle and feminine <u>fosterage</u>, has so refined the groundwork of my character that I cannot

overcome an intense <u>distaste</u> to the usual brutality exercised on board ship: I have never believed it to be necessary, and when I heard of a mariner equally noted for his kindliness of heart and the respect and obedience paid to him by his crew, I felt myself peculiarly fortunate in being able to secure his services. I heard of him first in rather a romantic manner, from a lady who owes to him the happiness of her life. This, <u>briefly</u>, is his story. Some years ago he loved a young Russian lady of moderate fortune, and having amassed a considerable sum in prize-money, the father of the girl consented to the match. He saw his mistress once before the <u>destined</u> ceremony; but she was bathed in tears, and throwing herself at his feet, entreated him to spare her, confessing at the same time that she loved another, but that he was poor, and that her father would never consent to the union. My generous friend reassured the suppliant, and on being informed of the name of her lover, instantly abandoned his pursuit. He had already bought a farm with his money, on which he had designed to pass the <u>remainder</u> of his life; but he <u>bestowed</u> the whole on his rival, together with the remains of his prize-money to purchase stock, and then himself solicited the young woman's father to consent to her marriage with her lover. But the old man decidedly refused, thinking himself bound in honour to my friend, who, when he found the father <u>inexorable</u>, <u>quitted</u> his country, nor returned until he heard that his former mistress was married according to her inclinations. "What a noble fellow!" you will exclaim. He is so; but then he is wholly uneducated: he is as silent as a Turk, and a kind of ignorant carelessness attends him, which, while it renders his conduct the more astonishing, detracts from the interest and sympathy which otherwise he would command.

Yet do not suppose, because I complain a little or because I can <u>conceive</u> a <u>consolation</u> for my <u>toils</u> which I may never know, that I am <u>wavering</u> in my <u>resolutions</u>. Those are as fixed as fate, and my voyage is only now delayed until the weather shall permit my <u>embarkation</u>. The winter has been dreadfully severe, but the spring promises well, and it is considered as a remarkably early season, so that perhaps I may sail sooner than I expected. I shall do nothing <u>rashly</u>: you know me sufficiently <u>to</u> confide in my <u>prudence</u> and <u>considerateness</u> whenever the safety of others is committed to my care.

I cannot describe to you my sensations on the near my undertaking. It is impossible prospect of communicate to you a conception of the trembling sensation, half pleasurable and half fearful, with which I am preparing to depart. I am going to unexplored regions, to "the land of mist and snow," but I shall kill no albatross; therefore do not be alarmed for my safety or if I should come back to you as worn and woeful as the "Ancient Mariner." You will smile at my allusion, but I will disclose a secret. I have often <u>attributed</u> my <u>attachment</u> to, my passionate enthusiasm for, the dangerous mysteries of ocean to that production of the most imaginative of modern poets. There is something at work in my soul which I do not understand. I am practically industrious—painstaking, a workman to execute with <u>perseverance</u> and <u>labour</u>—but besides this there is a love for the marvellous, a belief in the marvellous, <u>intertwined</u> in all my projects, which hurries me out of the common pathways of men, even to the wild sea and unvisited regions I am about to explore.

But to return to dearer <u>considerations</u>. Shall I meet you again, after having <u>traversed</u> immense seas, and returned by the most southern cape of Africa or America? I dare not expect such success, yet I cannot bear to look on the

reverse of the picture. Continue for the present to write to me by every opportunity: I may receive your letters on some occasions when I need them most to support my spirits. I love you very tenderly. Remember me with affection, should you never hear from me again.

Your affectionate brother, Robert Walton

to encompass [In/k/m.pas] to surround dauntless very brave want need or desire **severe** very bad, serious to assail to attack violently **to endeavour** [en'dev.ə^r] to try, to attempt **dejection** sadness caused by failure or loss (*Niedergeschlagenheit*) to deem to consider, to believe capacious large to amend to improve, to correct **execution** the act of doing sth (Ausführung, Durchführung) **impatient** unwilling to wait to cease to stop, to end **conviction** a strong belief or opinion to perceive to become aware of illiterate [1'lɪt.⁹r.ət] unable to read or write **extended** long and intensive magnificent* wonderful to despise to dislike very much, to hate **unallied** not related or connected dross sth of low quality or value <u>rugged</u> rough, coarse **bosom** ['buz⁹m] a person's chest, here: the place of feelings or secret thoughts,

heart

desirous wanting or wishing for sth very much

advancement being raised to a higher rank or position

prejudice • preconceived judgment or opinion, unreasonable feeling of dislike to retain to keep

endowment [ɪnˈdaʊ.mənt] a person's natural ability, talent or quality

disposition attitude or mood of a person

dauntless fearless

fosterage care

distaste dislike, aversion

kindliness friendliness

obedience (opp of) rebellion, respect for authority (Gehorsam)

peculiarly strangely

to owe to be indebted to (jmd. verdanken)

brief short

moderate average in amount, neither too big nor too small

to amass to gather or collect

to consent to agree

destined designated beforehand, planned

to entreat to ask in a serious and emotional way

to spare verschonen

suppliant a person who asks for sth in a respectful way; petitioner

to abandon to leave alone, to stop

pursuit the act of chasing, hunt

remainder rest

to bestow to convey as a gift

stock funds for investment

to solicit to ask

<u>inexorable</u> [1ⁱnek.s³r.ə.b³l] not to be persuaded, relentless

to quit to leave

inclination tendency (Neigung)

to attend to stay with, to surround

conduct ['kpn.d∧kt] behaviour

to detract to take away

to conceive to see or imagine

consolation sth that makes a person feel less disappointment, comfort

toil hard work

to waver to be uncertain, to fluctuate in opinion

resolution decision

embarkation beginning of a journey by ship or plane

rash done quickly without thinking about the consequences

to confide to believe, to have confidence in

prudence good judgment

<u>considerateness</u> quality of being thoughtful of the rights and feelings of others
<u>conception</u> understanding, idea

to tremble to shake for fear or nervousness - 24 *ref* to the poem The Rime of the Ancient Mariner by Coleridge, a long poem in which a sailor kills an

albatross and brings down terribly bad luck on himself and the rest of the crew woeful very sad

allusion reference (*Anspielung*)

to disclose to make known

to attribute [əˈtrɪbjuːt] to explain by giving a cause (*zuschreiben*)

attachment a strong feeling of affection

industrious constantly active

painstaking diligent care and effort

perseverance [ps:si'viə.r³ns] continued effort
labour work
the marvellous miraculous or supernatural
to intertwine to twist together
dear noble, precious
consideration careful thought
to traverse to cross
reverse opposite side, back
spirit soul, mood
tender full of affection

Letter III

To Mrs. Saville, England.

July 7th, 17—.

My dear Sister,

I write a few lines in haste to say that I am safe—and well <u>advanced</u> on my voyage. This letter will reach England by a merchantman now on its homeward voyage from Archangel; more fortunate than I, who may not see my native land, perhaps, for many years. I am, however, in good spirits: my men are <u>bold</u> and apparently <u>firm of purpose</u>, nor do the floating sheets of ice that continually pass us, indicating the dangers of the region towards which we are advancing, appear <u>to dismay</u> them. We have already reached a very high <u>latitude</u>; but it is the height of summer, and although not so warm as in England, the southern <u>gales</u>, which blow us speedily towards those shores which I so ardently desire to attain, breathe a degree of <u>renovating</u> warmth which I had not expected.

No incidents have hitherto <u>befallen</u> us that would make a figure in a letter. One or two stiff gales and the springing of a <u>leak</u> are accidents which experienced navigators <u>scarcely</u> remember to record, and I shall be well content if nothing worse happen to us during our voyage.

Adieu, my dear Margaret. Be assured that for my own sake, as well as yours, I will not rashly encounter danger. I will be cool, <u>persevering</u>, and <u>prudent</u>.

But success *shall* crown my endeavours. Wherefore not? Thus far I have gone, <u>tracing</u> a secure way over the

pathless seas, the very stars themselves being <u>witnesses</u> and <u>testimonies</u> of my triumph. Why not still proceed over the <u>untamed</u> yet <u>obedient</u> element? What can stop the determined heart and <u>resolved</u> will of man?

My swelling heart involuntarily pours itself out thus. But I must finish. Heaven bless my beloved sister!

R.W.

advanced* fortgeschritten **bold** fearless firm of purpose very determined to dismay to upset **latitude** distance north or south of the equator gale storm, very strong wind to renovate to renew to befall to happen as if by accident leak a hole that lets water in **scarcely** hardly, rarely **persevering** persisting **prudent** having good judgment to trace to follow a path witness • a person who sees sth serious happen testimony proof, evidence untamed wild **obedient** willing to obey (*gehorsam*) resolved firm, determined