

**3rd Edition** 

# Bass Guitar





Develop solid rhythm and timing

Build scales and modes into great bass lines

Play a ton of grooves in a variety of styles

**Patrick Pfeiffer** 

Professional bassist and bass coach

## **Bass Guitar**





## Bass Guitar

3rd Edition

## by Patrick Pfeiffer

FOREWORD by Will Lee
Bassist, Late Show with David Letterman



#### Bass Guitar For Dummies®, 3rd Edition

Published by: John Wiley & Sons, Inc., 111 River Street, Hoboken, NJ 07030-5774, www.wiley.com

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Published simultaneously in Canada

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Library of Congress Control Number: 2020939433

ISBN 978-1-119-69557-8 (pbk); ISBN 978-1-119-69559-2 (ebk); ISBN 978-1-119-69562-2 (ebk)

Manufactured in the United States of America

10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1

## **Contents at a Glance**

Foreword	xv
Introduction	1
Part 1: Getting Started with the Bass Guitar	
CHAPTER 2: Gaining the Tools and Skills to Play	
Part 2: The Bass-ics of Playing	
CHAPTER 4: Reading, 'Riting, and Rhythm	
Part 3: Making the Moves, Creating the Grooves	
CHAPTER 6: Creating the Groove	
CHAPTER 7: Going Solo: Playing Solos and Fills	167
Part 4: Using the Correct Accompaniment	
for Each Genre	
CHAPTER 8: Rock On! Getting Down with the Rock Styles	
CHAPTER 10: Making It Funky: Playing Hardcore Bass Grooves	
CHAPTER 11: Sampling International Flavors: Bass Styles from Around the World	
CHAPTER 12: Playing in Odd Meters: Not Strange, Just Not the Norm	
CHAPTER 13: Groovin' in a Genre: It's All About Style!	
CHAPTER 14: Eight Degrees of Separation: The Beatles' Solution	285
Part 5: Buying and Caring for Your Bass	305
CHAPTER 15: Love of a Lifetime or One-Night Stand? Buying the Right Bass	307
CHAPTER 16: Getting the Right Gear for Your Bass Guitar	
CHAPTER 17: Changing the Strings on Your Bass Guitar	
CHAPTER 18: Keeping Your Bass in Shape: Maintenance and Light Repair	337
Part 6: The Part of Tens	349
CHAPTER 19: Ten Innovative Bassists You Should Know	351
CHAPTER 20: Ten Great Rhythm Sections (Bassists and Drummers)	355
Appendix: Audio Tracks and Video Clips	361
Index	375

## **Table of Contents**

FOREWORD	XV
INTRODUCTION  About This Book. Foolish Assumptions. Icons Used in This Book Beyond the Book. Where to Go from Here	1
PART 1: GETTING STARTED WITH THE BASS GUITAR	7
CHAPTER 1: The Very Basics of Bass  Discovering the Differences between the Bass and Its High-Strung Cousins	
Understanding the Bass Player's Function in a Band	10
Dissecting the Anatomy of a Bass Guitar	12
On a Need-to-Know "Basses": Gearing Up to Play Bass	16
Playing Grooves, Solos, and Fills	17 17 17
Experimenting with Different Musical Genres Stocking Up on Some Bass Gear Buying a bass Getting an amplifier Accessorizing your bass	19 19 19
Giving Your Bass Some Good Ol' TI C	

CHAPTER 2:	Gaining the Tools and Skills to Play	21
	Getting a Handle on Your Bass	21
	Holding Your Bass	22
	Strapping on your bass: Strings to the outside	23
	Voilà! Standing with your bass	23
	Sitting with your bass	24
	Placing Your Hands in the Proper Position	25
	Positioning your left hand	
	Positioning your right hand	
	Reading a Fingerboard Diagram	
	The language of music: Scales and chords	
	Viewing a diagram of the major and minor scales	
	Playing open-string scales	
	Finding the notes on the neck	
	Identifying intervals: They're always in the same place	
	Tuning Your Bass Guitar	
	Reference pitch sources to use when playing alone	
	Reference pitch sources to use when playing with others	
	Tuning the bass guitar to itself	
	Playing a Song on Your Bass Guitar	
	Making some noise with the open strings  Closing the strings	
	Closing the strings	54
CHAPTER 3:	Warming Up: Getting Your Hands	
CHAPTER 3:	Warming Up: Getting Your Hands in Shape to Play	57
CHAPTER 3:	in Shape to Play	
CHAPTER 3:	in Shape to Play	58
CHAPTER 3:	in Shape to Play	58 58
CHAPTER 3:	in Shape to Play Understanding the Sound Your Bass Makes. Performing Right-Hand Warm-Ups. Right-hand same-string strokes	58 58
CHAPTER 3:	in Shape to Play Understanding the Sound Your Bass Makes Performing Right-Hand Warm-Ups Right-hand same-string strokes Controlling the strength in your striking hand:	58 58 59
CHAPTER 3:	in Shape to Play Understanding the Sound Your Bass Makes Performing Right-Hand Warm-Ups Right-hand same-string strokes Controlling the strength in your striking hand: Right-hand accents	58 58 59
CHAPTER 3:	in Shape to Play Understanding the Sound Your Bass Makes. Performing Right-Hand Warm-Ups. Right-hand same-string strokes Controlling the strength in your striking hand: Right-hand accents Skating across the strings: Right-hand string crossing	58 59 61
CHAPTER 3:	in Shape to Play Understanding the Sound Your Bass Makes Performing Right-Hand Warm-Ups Right-hand same-string strokes Controlling the strength in your striking hand: Right-hand accents	58 59 61 62
CHAPTER 3:	in Shape to Play Understanding the Sound Your Bass Makes. Performing Right-Hand Warm-Ups. Right-hand same-string strokes Controlling the strength in your striking hand: Right-hand accents Skating across the strings: Right-hand string crossing Coordinating Your Left Hand with Your Right Hand	58 59 61 62 63
CHAPTER 3:	in Shape to Play  Understanding the Sound Your Bass Makes.  Performing Right-Hand Warm-Ups.  Right-hand same-string strokes  Controlling the strength in your striking hand: Right-hand accents  Skating across the strings: Right-hand string crossing  Coordinating Your Left Hand with Your Right Hand  Doing finger permutations.	58 59 61 62 63 64
	in Shape to Play  Understanding the Sound Your Bass Makes.  Performing Right-Hand Warm-Ups.  Right-hand same-string strokes.  Controlling the strength in your striking hand: Right-hand accents.  Skating across the strings: Right-hand string crossing.  Coordinating Your Left Hand with Your Right Hand.  Doing finger permutations.  Muting the strings to avoid the infamous hum.	58 59 61 62 63 64 65
PART 2	in Shape to Play  Understanding the Sound Your Bass Makes.  Performing Right-Hand Warm-Ups.  Right-hand same-string strokes  Controlling the strength in your striking hand: Right-hand accents  Skating across the strings: Right-hand string crossing  Coordinating Your Left Hand with Your Right Hand  Doing finger permutations.  Muting the strings to avoid the infamous hum. Putting it all together	58 59 61 62 63 64 65
PART 2	in Shape to Play  Understanding the Sound Your Bass Makes.  Performing Right-Hand Warm-Ups.  Right-hand same-string strokes  Controlling the strength in your striking hand: Right-hand accents  Skating across the strings: Right-hand string crossing  Coordinating Your Left Hand with Your Right Hand  Doing finger permutations.  Muting the strings to avoid the infamous hum. Putting it all together  2: THE BASS-ICS OF PLAYING  Reading, 'Riting, and Rhythm.	58 59 61 62 63 64 65 66
PART 2	in Shape to Play  Understanding the Sound Your Bass Makes.  Performing Right-Hand Warm-Ups.  Right-hand same-string strokes  Controlling the strength in your striking hand: Right-hand accents  Skating across the strings: Right-hand string crossing  Coordinating Your Left Hand with Your Right Hand  Doing finger permutations.  Muting the strings to avoid the infamous hum. Putting it all together  2: THE BASS-ICS OF PLAYING  Reading, 'Riting, and Rhythm.  Reading Notation: No Pain, Much Gain	58 59 62 63 64 65 66
PART 2	in Shape to Play  Understanding the Sound Your Bass Makes.  Performing Right-Hand Warm-Ups.  Right-hand same-string strokes  Controlling the strength in your striking hand: Right-hand accents  Skating across the strings: Right-hand string crossing  Coordinating Your Left Hand with Your Right Hand  Doing finger permutations.  Muting the strings to avoid the infamous hum. Putting it all together  Pthe Bass-Ics of Playing  Reading, 'Riting, and Rhythm  Reading Notation: No Pain, Much Gain Chord notation: The chord chart.	58 59 62 63 64 65 66 69 71 71
PART 2	in Shape to Play  Understanding the Sound Your Bass Makes.  Performing Right-Hand Warm-Ups.  Right-hand same-string strokes  Controlling the strength in your striking hand: Right-hand accents  Skating across the strings: Right-hand string crossing  Coordinating Your Left Hand with Your Right Hand  Doing finger permutations.  Muting the strings to avoid the infamous hum. Putting it all together  Petalogy (Riting, and Rhythm)  Reading, 'Riting, and Rhythm  Reading Notation: No Pain, Much Gain  Chord notation: The chord chart.  Music notation: Indicating rhythm and notes.	58 59 61 62 63 64 65 66 69 71 71
PART 2	in Shape to Play  Understanding the Sound Your Bass Makes.  Performing Right-Hand Warm-Ups.  Right-hand same-string strokes  Controlling the strength in your striking hand: Right-hand accents  Skating across the strings: Right-hand string crossing  Coordinating Your Left Hand with Your Right Hand  Doing finger permutations.  Muting the strings to avoid the infamous hum. Putting it all together  Pthe Bass-Ics of Playing  Reading, 'Riting, and Rhythm  Reading Notation: No Pain, Much Gain Chord notation: The chord chart.	58 59 61 62 63 64 65 66 69 71 71

	Finding Any Note in Any Octave	/ 3
	Using the Metronome: You Know, That Tick-Tock Thing	80
	Setting the metronome	80
	Playing along	80
	Dividing Music into Phrases, Measures, and Beats	81
	The quarter note	82
	The eighth note	82
	The sixteenth note	83
	The half note	83
	The whole note	83
	The triplet	83
	The dot	84
	The tie	84
	The rest	85
	Discovering How to Read Music	85
	Rhythmic chunks	85
	Interval chunks	86
	What comes up must come down	88
	Playing Your First Song While Reading Music	90
	Understanding Major and Minor Structures	02
CHAPTER 5:	<b>G J</b>	
	Building Major and Minor Scales	
	Major scales	95
	Major scales	
	Major scales	95 96 97
	Major scales	
	Major scales	95 96 97 98
	Major scales	95 96 97 98 101
	Major scales	95 96 98 101 104
	Major scales	95 96 98 101 104 106
	Major scales	95 96 98 101 104 106 106
	Major scales	95 96 98 101 104 106 108
	Major scales	95 97 98 101 106 106 108
	Major scales  Minor scales  Building Chords: One Note at a Time, Please  Triads: The three most important notes of a chord  7th chords: Filling out the triad  Getting your kicks with boogie licks  Inversions: Down Is Up, and Up Is Down  Major chord inversions.  Minor chord inversions.  Spicing Up Your Sound: The Seven Main Modes (Scales)  Using Chromatic Tones: All the Other Notes.  Chromatic tones within the box	95 96 97 101 106 106 108 110
	Major scales  Minor scales  Building Chords: One Note at a Time, Please  Triads: The three most important notes of a chord  7th chords: Filling out the triad  Getting your kicks with boogie licks  Inversions: Down Is Up, and Up Is Down  Major chord inversions.  Minor chord inversions.  Spicing Up Your Sound: The Seven Main Modes (Scales)  Using Chromatic Tones: All the Other Notes.  Chromatic tones within the box  Chromatic tones outside the box	95 96 98 101 106 106 115 115
	Major scales  Minor scales  Building Chords: One Note at a Time, Please  Triads: The three most important notes of a chord  7th chords: Filling out the triad  Getting your kicks with boogie licks  Inversions: Down Is Up, and Up Is Down  Major chord inversions.  Minor chord inversions.  Spicing Up Your Sound: The Seven Main Modes (Scales)  Using Chromatic Tones: All the Other Notes.  Chromatic tones within the box  Chromatic tones outside the box  Bringing a Groove to Life with Dead Notes (Weird but True)	95 96 98 101 106 106 110 115 115
	Major scales  Minor scales  Building Chords: One Note at a Time, Please  Triads: The three most important notes of a chord  7th chords: Filling out the triad  Getting your kicks with boogie licks  Inversions: Down Is Up, and Up Is Down  Major chord inversions.  Minor chord inversions.  Spicing Up Your Sound: The Seven Main Modes (Scales)  Using Chromatic Tones: All the Other Notes.  Chromatic tones within the box  Chromatic tones outside the box  Bringing a Groove to Life with Dead Notes (Weird but True)  Playing dead — notes, that is.	95 96 98 101 106 106 110 115 115 116
	Major scales Minor scales Building Chords: One Note at a Time, Please Triads: The three most important notes of a chord 7th chords: Filling out the triad Getting your kicks with boogie licks Inversions: Down Is Up, and Up Is Down Major chord inversions. Minor chord inversions. Spicing Up Your Sound: The Seven Main Modes (Scales) Using Chromatic Tones: All the Other Notes. Chromatic tones within the box Chromatic tones outside the box Bringing a Groove to Life with Dead Notes (Weird but True) Playing dead — notes, that is. Raking dead notes	95 97 98 104 106 106 110 115 115 116
	Major scales Minor scales Building Chords: One Note at a Time, Please Triads: The three most important notes of a chord 7th chords: Filling out the triad Getting your kicks with boogie licks Inversions: Down Is Up, and Up Is Down Major chord inversions. Minor chord inversions. Spicing Up Your Sound: The Seven Main Modes (Scales) Using Chromatic Tones: All the Other Notes. Chromatic tones within the box Chromatic tones outside the box Bringing a Groove to Life with Dead Notes (Weird but True) Playing dead — notes, that is. Raking dead notes. Sampling Accompaniments	95 97 98 104 106 106 115 115 115 116 117
	Major scales Minor scales Building Chords: One Note at a Time, Please Triads: The three most important notes of a chord 7th chords: Filling out the triad Getting your kicks with boogie licks Inversions: Down Is Up, and Up Is Down Major chord inversions. Minor chord inversions. Spicing Up Your Sound: The Seven Main Modes (Scales) Using Chromatic Tones: All the Other Notes. Chromatic tones within the box Chromatic tones outside the box Bringing a Groove to Life with Dead Notes (Weird but True) Playing dead — notes, that is. Raking dead notes	95 97 98 104 106 106 115 115 115 116 117

PART 3	B: MAKING THE MOVES, CREATING
THE G	ROOVES127
CHAPTER 6:	Creating the Groove129
	Anatomy of a Groove: Putting Together the
	Necessary Elements
	Getting your groove skeleton out of the closet130
	Playing a song using only the groove skeleton
	Choosing the right notes for a groove
	Creating Your Own Groove136
	Covering the "basses": Creating dominant,
	minor, and major grooves
	Waggin' the groove tail
	Movin' and groovin' from chord to chord
	Finding the perfect fit: The designer groove
	Grooving with a Drummer
	The bass drum
	The snare drum
	Jammin' with Other Musicians
	Preparing your ear
	Listening for "the note"
	Pivoting the note
	Getting Creative with Existing Grooves
	Altering a (famous) groove
	Simplifying a groove
CHAPTER 7:	Going Solo: Playing Solos and Fills167
	Soloing: Your Moment to Shine167
	Playing with the blues scale: A favorite solo spice168
	Jamming with the minor pentatonic scale:
	No wrong notes
	Using the major pentatonic scale: Smooth as can be172
	Moving from chord to chord
	Creating Fills without Any Help from Your Dentist
	A match made in heaven: Connecting your fill to the groove
	Timing a fill
	11111111g a 1111
PART 4	I: USING THE CORRECT
	MPANIMENT FOR EACH GENRE183
CHAPTER 8:	<b>Rock On! Getting Down with the Rock Styles</b> 185
	Rock 'n' Roll: It's The Attitude!
	Hard Rock: Going at It Fast and Furious191

	op Rock: Supporting the Vocals	193
D Pi	Playing a Countermelody	195
C	ountry Rock: Where Vocals Are King, and You	
Ta	ake a Back Seat	198
0	One Rock Fits All: Applying a Standard Rock	
G	Groove to Any Rock Song	200
CHAPTER 9: S	Swing It! Playing Styles That Rely	
0	on the Triplet Feel	203
Sı	wing: Grooving Up-Tempo with Attitude	204
	azz: Going for a Walk	
,	Working the walk	
	Applying a jazz blues walking pattern	
В	Blues Shuffle: Walking Like Donald Duck (Dunn, That Is)	
Fu	unk Shuffle: Combining Funk, Blues, and Jazz	217
_		
	Making It Funky: Playing Hardcore	
В	Bass Grooves	221
R	R & B: Movin' to Rhythm and Blues	222
TI	he Motown Sound: Grooving with the Music	
	f the Funk Brothers	
	usion: Blending Two Styles into One	
	unk: Light Fingers, Heavy Attitude	
	Hip-Hop: Featuring Heavy Funk with Heavy Attitude	232
K	nowing What to Do When You Just Want to	224
FI	unkifize a Tune	234
CHAPTER 11: S	Sampling International Flavors:	
	Bass Styles from Around the World	237
	Bossa Nova: Baskin' in a Brazilian Beat	
	amba: Speeding Up with Bossa's Fast Cousin	
	Afro-Cuban: Ordering Up Some Salsa (Hold the Chips, Please)	
	Reggae: Relaxing with Offbeat "Riddims"	
	Calypso Party Sounds: Dancing through the Groove	
	Combining Reggae and Rock: The Distinct Sound of Ska	
	African Grooves: Experimenting with Exotic Downbeat Grooves	
/\	Grooving on a steady beat, South African–style	
	Checking out the bass groove styles from Cameroon	
M	Ausic without Borders: Grooving to the World Beat	

CHAPTER 12: Playing in Odd Meters: Not Strange,
Just Not the Norm253
An Odd-Meter Oldie but Goodie: The Waltz
Beyond the Waltz: Navigating Beats in Odd Meter255
5/4 meter: Not an impossible mission
Take a groove you know and make it grow259
7/4 meter: Adding two more beats260
Complex Simplicity: Syncopation and Subdivision264
Syncopating in odd meter
Adding an eighth
Dealing with the rush
CHAPTER 13: Groovin' in a Genre: It's All About Style!269
Playing Grooves in Each Genre: One Simple Song,
Many Genres Strong270
Pop: Backing up the singer-songwriter
Rocking by the quarter or eighth note
Feeling da funk
Layin' down some Latin grooves
When you're feelin' blue, shuffle
To Blend or Not to Blend: Knowing How to Fit In
Just blending in: How to do it
The bold and the beautiful: Creating a bold groove281
Blending and bolding by genre
Signing off with a flourish282
CHAPTER 14: Eight Degrees of Separation:
The Beatles' Solution285
Playing Your Rhythm Straight or Syncopated
Pumping eighth notes286
Syncopating the bass beat
Making Harmonic Choices
Feeling fine (with roots and 5ths)
Walking along Penny Lane
Coming together to move with the groove
Day-tripping in perfect agreement: Unison
Playing something to counter the melody with
Inverting while your bass gently weeps

PART 5:	BUYING AND CARING FOR YOUR BASS	305
	Love of a Lifetime or One-Night Stand?	207
	Buying the Right Bass	
A	Assessing Your Needs Before You Buy	
	Thinking long-term: Moving in together.	
	Thinking short-term: Help me make it through the night	
	How many strings are too many?	
	Needs Are One Thing Budget Is Quite Another	
	A Trip to the Bass-Mint: Where to Shop for Your Bass Guitar	
,	Hitting the music stores	
	Consulting newspaper ads	
	Visiting online shops and individual online ads	
١	When Money Is No Object: Getting a Custom-Made Bass	
CHAPTER 16:	Getting the Right Gear for Your Bass Guitar	317
N	Making Yourself Heard: A Primer on Amplifiers and Speakers 3	318
	Going with a combo or separate amp and speaker	318
	Opting for solid state or tubes	319
	Picking a speaker size	
	Setting the tone	320
	Needs, Wants, and Nonessentials: Rounding Out	221
١	Your Equipment	
	Definite maybes: Useful effects, gadgets,	3Z I
	and practice items	323
	Extras: Effects pedals	
CHAPTER 17:	Changing the Strings on Your Bass Guitar	327
	Knowing When It's Time to Say Goodbye	
	Off with the Old: Removing Bass Strings	
	On with the New: Restringing Your Bass	
	Ensuring a Long Life for Your Strings	
	Keeping Your Bass in Shape: Maintenance	
ä	and Light Repair	337
(	Cleaning Your Bass, Part by Part	337
	The body and neck	
	The hardware	
	The pickups	
	The fingerboard	
	The strings	339

Making Minor Repairs to Your Bass.340The taming of the screw(s).340Taking care of the finish.341Leaving the electronics to the experts.341Adjusting the Bass Guitar.342Providing relief to the truss rod.342Raising and lowering the bridge.344Assembling a Cleaning and Repair Tool Bag.346Storing Your Bass.347
PART 6: THE PART OF TENS349
CHAPTER 19: Ten Innovative Bassists You Should Know       351         Stanley Clarke       351         John Entwistle       352         James Jamerson       352         Carol Kaye       352         Will Lee       353         Paul McCartney       353         Marcus Miller       353         Jaco Pastorius       353         Victor Wooten       354         X (Fill in Your Own)       354
CHAPTER 20: Ten Great Rhythm Sections (Bassists and Drummers). 355  Bootsy Collins and Jab'o Starks. 356  Donald "Duck" Dunn and Al Jackson Jr. 356  James Jamerson and Benny Benjamin. 356  John Paul Jones and John Bonham. 357  Joe Osborn and Hal Blaine. 357  Jaco Pastorius and Peter Erskine. 358  George Porter Jr. and Zig Modeliste. 358  Francis Rocco Prestia and David Garibaldi 358  Chuck Rainey and Bernard Purdie 359  Robbie Shakespeare and Sly Dunbar. 359
APPENDIX: AUDIO TRACKS AND VIDEO CLIPS361
INDEX

## **Foreword**

or bassists or bass wannabes, *Bass Guitar For Dummies* takes you on a tour of the instrument and explores all avenues of bassdom. Of the myriad tools available for bassists, *Bass Guitar For Dummies* is at the pinnacle of them all. Never before has such a complete anthology been assembled. It's like having an unlimited ticket for all the rides at BassLand!

Patrick Pfeiffer, great communicator of bass guitar, has laid it all out for you to enjoy. Bass Guitar For Dummies can be read laterally, literally, or "loiterily." In other words, cover to cover, in order, or at your leisure; when you have a couple of minutes, just read a page, or a chapter. It's not too deep, not too heavy, but it's all good information and a lot of fun. So dig in, and enjoy Bass Guitar For Dummies!

All the Bass,

Will Lee, Grammy-award-winning bassist, Late Show with David Letterman

## Introduction

hake the earth with deep, sonorous vibrations. Let your melodies swoop and soar like swallows over a meadow. Be the force that relentlessly drives the music with percussive, percolating emanations from your speaker. Rumble like the ominous thunder of an approaching storm. Whisper, growl, *roar* your grooves into the universe. For you, it's not enough just to be heard; you *will* be felt. You are . . . the bass player.

Imagine your favorite music without bass. It doesn't work, does it? The bass is the heartbeat of the music, the foundation for the groove, and the glue that holds together all the different instruments. You can hear the music sing as it's carried along by the bass groove. You can sense the music come to life. You can feel the vibrations of those low notes — sometimes subtle and caressing, sometimes literally earthshaking — as they propel the song. The bass is the heart of it all.

Leave center stage to the other musicians — you have more important work to do. The limelight may be cool, but bassists rule!

### **About This Book**

You can find everything you need to master the bass in Bass Guitar For Dummies, 3rd Edition — from the correct way to strike a note to the way to play a funk groove in the style of Jaco Pastorius. It's all here.

Each chapter is independent of the others. You can skip the stuff you already know and go straight to the parts that interest you without feeling lost. To find the subject you're looking for, just check out the table of contents. You also can look up specific topics in the index at the back of the book. Or you can read from front to back and build up your bass-playing skills step by step. Whatever you choose, just remember to enjoy the journey.

I structure this book so you can decide for yourself how far you want to take your skills on the instrument. As I was writing, I checked out the entrance requirements for music schools and conservatories, and I included the information that fulfills those requirements (without getting too theoretical — after all, you don't want to spend all your time theorizing . . . you want to play). In fact, this book goes

well beyond the minimum requirements and shows you how to actually *apply* all this information to real-life bass playing. I show you how to play in different styles and how to create your own grooves and solos so you don't have to copy someone else's bass line note-for-note.

No bass guitar? No problem. This book doesn't assume you have your own bass. If you don't, just head over to Part 5 to find out how to choose the right bass and accessories to get started. If you already have a bass, you can start with the maintenance section in Chapter 18 and find out how to set up your instrument so it's easiest to play.

You don't need to read music to figure out how to play the bass guitar. (You can unknit your eyebrows now . . . it's true.) So how can you get the information you need from this book? Here's how:

- >> Look at the grids. The grids are pictures of the notes you play on the fingerboard of the bass guitar. The grids show you where the notes are in relation to each other and which fingers you use to play them. They also provide you with an additional advantage: If you use the grid to finger a certain pattern of notes, you can then transfer the same pattern (fingering and all) onto any other section of the fingerboard to play the note pattern in a different key. That's why reading music isn't necessary. The notes on a page of regular music notation look completely different for each new key, but if you use the grid, you'll find that, as far as note patterns go, one size fits all.
- >> Read the tablature. *Tablature* is a shorthand notational technique that shows you which string to strike and where to hold the string down to sound a note. The short name for tablature is *tab* (just in case anyone asks).
- >> Listen to the audio tracks. You can hear all the exercises and grooves that are shown in the figures by simply going online to www.dummies.com/go/bassguitar and listening to audio tracks for each one. You can listen to the sound of a groove, take a look at the grid and the tab, put your hand in the proper position on the fingerboard, and then reproduce the sound. While you're there, you may as well check out the video clips that show you the details for playing certain figures.

After you master a groove, you can pan to one side to remove the sound of the bass. Then you can play the groove in the example with just the drums and the guitar (in other words, with real musicians). Or you can create your own groove in the feel and style of the example.

>> As you improve, try reading the music notation. As you get better, you can look at the notation and begin to learn to read music. After you figure out how to play a few phrases, you quickly discover that reading music notation isn't as difficult as it's made out to be. In fact, you'll realize that it makes your musical life easier.

I use the following conventions in *Bass Guitar For Dummies*, 3rd Edition, to help keep the text consistent and make it easy to follow:

- >> Right hand and left hand: Instead of saying striking hand and fretting hand, I say right hand for the hand that strikes the string and left hand for the hand that frets the note. My apologies to left-handed players. If you're left-handed, please read right hand to mean left hand and vice versa.
- >> Up and down, higher and lower: Moving your left hand up the neck of the bass means moving it up in *pitch* (moving your hand toward the body of the bass). Moving your left hand down the neck means moving it down in *pitch* (moving your hand away from the body). I use the same principle for the right hand. Going to the next *higher* string means playing the string that has a higher sound (the string closer to the floor). The next *lower* string is the string that has a lower sound (the string closer to the ceiling). Just think of whether the sound is higher or lower and you'll be fine.
- >> Triple music notation: In the figures, the music for the grooves and the exercises is printed with the standard music notation on top, the tablature below, and the grid next to them. You don't have to read all of them at the same time (good heavens that would be worse than reading piano music). Simply pick the one you feel most comfortable with, and then use the others to double-check that you're playing the groove or exercise correctly. Of course, you also can listen to the audio tracks to hear what the music is supposed to sound like.
- >> The numbers: In the text, the numbers between 1 and 8 (1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8) represent notes in a chord or scale (for example, the number 3 represents the third note in a given scale). The designation 7th, on the other hand, refers to a particular chord, such as a major 7th chord. Finally, the distance between two notes (the interval) is called a 2nd, 3rd, 4th, and so on.

## **Foolish Assumptions**

As I wrote this book, I made one assumption about you, the reader: I assume that you want to play the bass guitar. But that's it. I don't assume anything else. No matter what style you're interested in, this book covers them all. It doesn't even matter whether you want to play a four-, five-, or six-string bass. The grids featured in this book can be used for any bass guitar, and the shapes of the patterns never change. All you have to do is read this book with an open mind, and I assure you, you'll be playing bass . . . and quickly. Of course, you can master the bass even more quickly if you use this book in conjunction with private lessons from an experienced bass guitar teacher who can help you tackle specific weak spots in your playing. And any experience you've had playing another instrument won't go to waste, either.

### **Icons Used in This Book**

In the margins of Bass Guitar For Dummies, 3rd Edition (as in all For Dummies books), you find icons to help you maneuver through the text. Here's what the icons mean:



This icon points out expert advice to help you become a better bassist.

TIP



Be careful! This icon helps you avoid doing damage to the instrument, yourself, or someone's ears.

WARNING



Brace yourself for some technical facts and information that may come in handy some day. If you want, you can skip over this stuff — and still not miss a beat.



Certain techniques are worth remembering. Take note of the information that's highlighted by this icon.



This icon helps you better understand what you're hearing when you listen to the audio samples and watch the videos of the different techniques.

## **Beyond the Book**

This book provides a solid foundation for learning bass guitar, but you can find many more resources on Dummies.com:

- >> There are more than 100 audio tracks that accompany the chapters of this book. I also give video demonstrations of more than 30 key lessons. You can download the audio tracks and watch the videos at www.dummies.com/go/bassguitar.
- >> You can download the book's Cheat Sheet at www.dummies.com/cheatsheet/bassguitar.It's a handy resource to keep on your computer, tablet, or smartphone.
- >> You can read interesting companion articles that supplement the book's content at www.dummies.com/extras/bassguitar.We've even included an extra top-ten list.

### Where to Go from Here

Where do you go from here? Well, to Hollywood Bowl, of course! Maybe not right away . . . but, hey, never give up your dream. If you don't have a bass guitar yet, skip to Chapter 15 to see what's in store for you. ("What's in store for you" . . . get it? It's the bass shopping chapter.) If you're a beginner, you have a bass guitar, and you're ready to play, skip to Chapter 2 and start getting your instrument in tune (followed by getting your hands into shape). If you're already playing bass guitar, start reading Chapter 5 with your bass guitar in hand, and then enjoy playing your way through the rest of this book.

No matter how well you currently play, this book can help you improve your skills. If you're picking up the bass for the first time, remember that bringing music into your life may well be the first step in a lifelong journey of musical enrichment. If you want to delve deeper into this whole bass business, please visit me at www.PatrickPfeifferBass.com.

# Getting Started with the Bass Guitar

### IN THIS PART...

Discover the different parts that make up a bass guitar.

Get an overview of what your bass guitar can do.

Figure out how to position your hands.

Prepare to warm up and coordinate your hands.

- » Differentiating between bass guitars and other guitars
- Understanding the function and parts of the bass
- » Getting ready to play bass
- Trying your hand at grooves, solos, fills, and different musical genres
- » Picking up gear and taking care of your bass

## Chapter **1**

## The Very Basics of Bass

he bass is the heart of music. Its unique qualities set up a gravitational field that draws you in — perhaps it's the rich, deep, mellow sound or the hypnotic rhythms. In the right hands, the bass is a tremendously powerful tool, because it gives a band its feel and attitude. But what exactly is the bass? What makes the bass so powerful? And how does it contribute to giving music that irresistible feel? Whether you're a raw bass recruit or a seasoned veteran, this chapter helps you answer these questions.

## Discovering the Differences between the Bass and Its High-Strung Cousins

Bass guitars differ from other guitars in several significant ways:

>> Traditionally, basses have four strings, while guitars have six. In the 1970s, some bassists started adding strings. Nowadays, you can find five- and six-string basses (and beyond), but four-stringers are still considered the norm.

- >> Nearly all bass guitars are electric. Other guitars come in all flavors: electric, acoustic, or a combination of the two. You do encounter some beautiful acoustic bass guitars, but they're generally not loud enough to be of much use in a band (unless your band consists of just one or two acoustic guitar players who join you in your music-making endeavor).
- >> The bass strings are an equal distance musically from each other. The sound of each bass string is tuned an equal distance from the string above it, making the instrument perfectly symmetrical. So if you play a scale starting on one string, you can use the same fingering to play that same scale starting on a different string. This type of tuning makes playing the bass quite different from playing the guitar, where the second-highest string is tuned differently than the others.
- >> The bass has a lower pitch than the guitar. The deep notes of the bass fill the lower end of the sound spectrum. Think of these notes as the "bassment," or foundation, of music.
- >> The bass's neck is longer than the guitar's, thus making its strings longer. The longer the string, the lower the pitch; the shorter the string, the higher the pitch. Think of a Chihuahua and a Saint Bernard, for example. The Chihuahua has short vocal chords, and a rather high-pitched bark; the Saint Bernard . . . well . . . you get the idea.
- >> The bass player and the guitarist serve different functions. I won't bore you with the guitarist's job description, but the bass player's makes for fascinating reading, as the next section shows. By the way, if you do happen to want to know more about the guitarist's job description, you can check out Guitar For Dummies, by Mark Phillips and Jon Chappell (Wiley).

## **Understanding the Bass Player's Function in a Band**

As the bassist, you play the most crucial role in a band (at least in my opinion). Everyone in the group follows your subtle (and sometimes not-so-subtle) lead. If the guitarist or saxophonist makes a mistake, hardly anyone notices, but if the bassist makes a mistake, everyone in the band and the audience instantly knows that something is wrong (in which case you may want to throw an accusatory glance at one of your bandmates).

## Forging the link between harmony and rhythm

You're responsible for linking the harmony (chords) of a song with a distinctive rhythm (groove). This link contributes to the *feel* (mood) and *genre* (general style) of the music, which together determine whether a song is rock, jazz, Latin, or anything else. Chapter 6 tells you exactly what you need to do to establish excellent grooves, and Part 4 discusses the different musical genres you're likely to play. The goal is to be able to emulate any bassist's style in any genre and, at the same time, to be creative — using your own rhythms, notes, and ideas!

### Moving the song along

Every song is made up of chords (harmony) that are particular to that song, and all the notes in the song relate to the sounds of those chords (see Chapter 5 for more about chords). Some songs are based on only one chord, from beginning to end, and so all the notes relate to that one chord sound, making such songs easy to play. The chords of most songs, however, change as the song progresses. In these cases, the first group of notes in the tune relates to the first chord and has one kind of sound, the next group of notes relates to the next chord sound, and so on throughout the song.

By playing notes that are related to the chords of a song, one note at a time and in a precise rhythm, the bassist propels the music along. You set up each chord for the other players in your band by choosing notes that lead smoothly from one chord sound to the next.



Good music creates a little tension, which then leads to a satisfying release of that tension (a resolution). For example, you can feel the tension and release in as simple a tune as "Twinkle, Twinkle, Little Star." The tension builds as you sing the first line: "Twinkle, twinkle, little star." Can you end the song right there? No, because you want to hear how it ends. That's the tension. When you finish singing "How I wonder what you are," you feel a resolution to the tension, a sense of coming home. You can end the song there; in fact, that's how it does end. The bassist plays an important role in creating and releasing tension. You're pretty much in the driver's seat!

### **Keeping time**

Keeping a steady beat, or *pulse*, is one of the bassist's primary functions. I refer to this function as *locking in with the drummer*, because you work closely with the drummer to establish the rhythm. So be nice to your drummers. Listen to them carefully and know them well. And while the two of you are on such cozy terms, spend some time together reading what Chapter 4 has to say about rhythm.



Nothing works better than a *metronome* to help you develop an unfailing sense of time. The steady (and sometimes infuriating) click that emanates from this device provides an ideal backdrop for your own precise note placement, be it on or off the beat. You can find out more about the metronome in Chapter 4.

### **Establishing rhythms**

As a bassist, you need to have a clear understanding of exactly how the rhythm relates to the beat. Not only do you need to know where to place the notes for the groove in relation to the beat, but you also want to make your grooves memorable (see Chapter 6 for more about how to create memorable grooves). If you can't remember them, no one else will, either — including the listener (who, of course, makes the trip to hear you play).

### **Looking cool**

While the guitarists move through their aerobic exercises on stage, dripping with sweat and smashing their guitars, you get to be cool. You can join in with their antics if you want, but have you ever seen footage of The Who? John Entwistle was cool. And if you ever get a chance to see U2, check out their bassist, Adam Clayton. He's one cool cucumber. Great bassists are just too busy creating fabulous bass lines to join in the antics of their bandmates.

## Dissecting the Anatomy of a Bass Guitar

You can call it a bass guitar, an electric bass, an electric bass guitar, or just a bass. All these labels crop up in discussions of music and musical instruments, and you may encounter individuals who believe that only one of these labels is correct. But it doesn't matter which term you choose, because they all refer to the same instrument.

Figure 1-1 depicts the bass guitar (or whatever you prefer to call it), with all its main parts labeled.

The bass consists of three sections: The neck, the body, and the innards. The different parts of the neck and body are easy to see, but the innards aren't so obvious. You'd have to remove the cover (or covers) to get at the innards, but knowing why they're there is important.