}essentials{

Thomas Lauterbach

Radio Astronomy

Small Radio Telescopes: Basics, Technology and Observations



essentials

Springer essentials

Springer essentials provide up-to-date knowledge in a concentrated form. They aim to deliver the essence of what counts as "state-of-the-art" in the current academic discussion or in practice. With their quick, uncomplicated and comprehensible information, essentials provide:

- an introduction to a current issue within your field of expertise
- an introduction to a new topic of interest
- an insight, in order to be able to join in the discussion on a particular topic

Available in electronic and printed format, the books present expert knowledge from Springer specialist authors in a compact form. They are particularly suitable for use as eBooks on tablet PCs, eBook readers and smartphones. *Springer essentials* form modules of knowledge from the areas economics, social sciences and humanities, technology and natural sciences, as well as from medicine, psychology and health professions, written by renowned Springer-authors across many disciplines.

Thomas Lauterbach

Radio Astronomy

Small Radio Telescopes: Basics, Technology, and Observations



Thomas Lauterbach Nürnberg, Germany



ISSN 2731-3107 ISSN 2731-3115 (electronic) essentials
ISBN 978-3-658-36034-4 ISBN 978-3-658-36035-1 (eBook) https://doi.org/10.1007/978-3-658-36035-1

© Springer Fachmedien Wiesbaden GmbH, part of Springer Nature 2022

This book is a translation of the original German edition "Radioastronomie" by Lauterbach, Thomas, published by Springer Fachmedien Wiesbaden GmbH in 2020. The translation was done with the help of artificial intelligence (machine translation by the service DeepL.com). A subsequent human revision was done primarily in terms of content, so that the book will read stylistically differently from a conventional translation. Springer Nature works continuously to further the development of tools for the production of books and on the related technologies to support the authors.

This work is subject to copyright. All rights are reserved by the Publisher, whether the whole or part of the material is concerned, specifically the rights of reprinting, reuse of illustrations, recitation, broadcasting, reproduction on microfilms or in any other physical way, and transmission or information storage and retrieval, electronic adaptation, computer software, or by similar or dissimilar methodology now known or hereafter developed.

The use of general descriptive names, registered names, trademarks, service marks, etc. in this publication does not imply, even in the absence of a specific statement, that such names are exempt from the relevant protective laws and regulations and therefore free for general use.

The publisher, the authors, and the editors are safe to assume that the advice and information in this book are believed to be true and accurate at the date of publication. Neither the publisher nor the authors or the editors give a warranty, expressed or implied, with respect to the material contained herein or for any errors or omissions that may have been made. The publisher remains neutral with regard to jurisdictional claims in published maps and institutional affiliations.

This Springer imprint is published by the registered company Springer Fachmedien Wiesbaden GmbH, part of Springer Nature.

The registered company address is: Abraham-Lincoln-Str. 46, 65189 Wiesbaden, Germany

Preface

Radio astronomy is a fascinating field of research – the first image of a black hole, the elucidation of the spiral structure of the Milky Way, the discovery of cosmic background radiation, and the first indirect observation of gravitational waves are just some of the spectacular discoveries made with radio telescopes. For this reason, the Astronomical Society in the European Metropolitan Region Nuremberg decided to establish a special interest group under the leadership of the author in order to set up a radio telescope at Regiomontanus Observatory, Nuremberg, Germany, and thus also to be able to provide the public with insights into this field of astronomy.

Unlike classical astronomy with its view through a telescope, humans have no senses for radio radiation – and this results in the difficulty of understanding the basics of radio astronomy and interpreting its measurements. And this subject does not make it easy for us – in addition to astronomical and physical knowledge, knowledge of radio frequency technology and digital signal processing is also required. These challenges have been successfully met by the special interest group: In monthly seminars, the necessary knowledge was acquired, and a concept for a radio telescope was developed and tested in preliminary experiments. Finally, on April 26, 2019, the radio telescope named after Nobel laureate Arno Penzias could be ceremoniously inaugurated.

The radio astronomy tours, which have been organized repeatedly since then, met with gratifyingly great interest, raised the question of the didactics of radio astronomy as a new challenge. Presentations were developed and exemplary measurements and their explanations were prepared. But the question of some visitors, if it is possible to read all this somewhere, had to be answered negatively, because books about radio astronomy are only available in English and only on university