Calculus II FOR DUMATES

Learn to:

- Make sense of advanced calculus topics
- Get ahead of the curve with easyto-understand explanations of complicated subject matter
- Score high in your Calculus II class



Making Everything Easier!™

2nd Edition

Calculus I FOR DUMMES

Learn to:

- Make sense of advanced calculus topics
- Get ahead of the curve with easyto-understand explanations of complicated subject matter
- Score high in your Calculus II class



Calculus II For Dummies[®], 2nd Edition

Visit

<u>www.dummies.com/cheatsheet/calculusii</u> to view this book's cheat sheet.

Table of Contents

Introduction

<u>About This Book</u> <u>Conventions Used in This Book</u> <u>What You're Not to Read</u> <u>Foolish Assumptions</u> <u>How This Book Is Organized</u>

Part I: Introduction to Integration Part II: Indefinite Integrals Part III: Intermediate Integration Topics Part IV: Infinite Series Part V: Advanced Topics Part VI: The Part of Tens

Icons Used in This Book Where to Go from Here

Part I: Introduction to Integration Chapter 1: An Aerial View of the Area Problem Checking Out the Area

Comparing classical and analytic geometry Discovering a new area of study Generalizing the area problem Finding definite answers with the definite integral

Slicing Things Up

<u>Untangling a hairy problem using rectangles</u> <u>Building a formula for finding area</u>

Defining the Indefinite Solving Problems with Integration

We can work it out: Finding the area between curves Walking the long and winding road You say you want a revolution

Understanding Infinite Series

Distinguishing sequences and series Evaluating series Identifying convergent and divergent series

Advancing Forward into Advanced Math

Multivariable calculus Differential equations Fourier analysis Numerical analysis <u>Chapter 2: Dispelling Ghosts from the Past: A Review</u> of Pre-Calculus and Calculus I

Forgotten but Not Gone: A Review of Pre-Calculus

Knowing the facts on factorials Polishing off polynomials Powering through powers (exponents) Noting trig notation Figuring the angles with radians Graphing common functions Asymptotes Transforming continuous functions Identifying some important trig identities Polar coordinates Summing up sigma notation

Recent Memories: A Review of Calculus I

<u>Knowing your limits</u> <u>Hitting the slopes with derivatives</u> <u>Referring to the limit formula for derivatives</u> <u>Knowing two notations for derivatives</u> <u>Understanding differentiation</u>

Finding Limits Using L'Hopital's Rule

Understanding determinate and indeterminate forms of limits Introducing L'Hopital's Rule Alternative indeterminate forms <u>Chapter 3: From Definite to Indefinite: The Indefinite</u> <u>Integral</u>

Approximate Integration

<u>Three ways to approximate area with</u> <u>rectangles</u> <u>The slack factor</u> <u>Two more ways to approximate area</u>

Knowing Sum-Thing about Summation Formulas

The summation formula for counting numbers The summation formula for square numbers The summation formula for cubic numbers

As Bad as It Gets: Calculating Definite Integrals Using the Riemann Sum Formula

Plugging in the limits of integration Expressing the function as a sum in terms of i and n Calculating the sum Solving the problem with a summation formula Evaluating the limit

<u>Light at the End of the Tunnel: The Fundamental</u> <u>Theorem of Calculus</u> <u>Understanding the Fundamental Theorem of</u> <u>Calculus</u>

What's slope got to do with it?

Introducing the area function Connecting slope and area mathematically Seeing a dark side of the FTC

Your New Best Friend: The Indefinite Integral

Introducing anti-differentiation Solving area problems without the Riemann sum formula Understanding signed area Distinguishing definite and indefinite integrals

Part II: Indefinite Integrals

<u>Chapter 4: Instant Integration: Just Add Water</u> (And C)

Evaluating Basic Integrals

Using the 17 basic anti-derivatives for integrating Three important integration rules What happened to the other rules?

Evaluating More Difficult Integrals

<u>Integrating polynomials</u> <u>Integrating rational expressions</u> <u>Using identities to integrate trig functions</u>

Understanding Integrability

Taking a look at two red herrings of integrability Getting an idea of what integrable really means

<u>Chapter 5: Making a Fast Switch: Variable</u> <u>Substitution</u>

Knowing How to Use Variable Substitution

Finding the integral of nested functions Determining the integral of a product Integrating a function multiplied by a set of nested functions

Recognizing When to Use Substitution

Integrating nested functions Knowing a shortcut for nested functions Substitution when one part of a function differentiates to the other part

Using Substitution to Evaluate Definite Integrals

Chapter 6: Integration by Parts

Introducing Integration by Parts

Reversing the Product Rule Knowing how to integrate by parts Knowing when to integrate by parts Integrating by Parts with the DI-agonal Method

Looking at the DI-agonal chart Using the DI-agonal method

<u>Chapter 7: Trig Substitution: Knowing All the</u> (<u>Tri)Angles</u>

Integrating the Six Trig Functions Integrating Powers of Sines and Cosines

Odd powers of sines and cosines Even powers of sines and cosines

Integrating Powers of Tangents and Secants

Even powers of secants with tangents Odd powers of tangents with secants Odd powers of tangents without secants Even powers of tangents without secants Even powers of secants without tangents Odd powers of secants without tangents Even powers of tangents with odd powers of secants

Integrating Powers of Cotangents and Cosecants Integrating Weird Combinations of Trig Functions Using Trig Substitution Distinguishing three cases for trig substitution Integrating the three cases Knowing when to avoid trig substitution

Chapter 8: When All Else Fails: Integration with Partial Fractions

Strange but True: Understanding Partial Fractions

Looking at partial fractions Using partial fractions with rational expressions

Solving Integrals by Using Partial Fractions

Setting up partial fractions case by case Knowing the ABCs of finding unknowns Integrating partial fractions

Integrating Improper Rationals

Distinguishing proper and improper rational expressions Recalling polynomial division Trying out an example

Part III: Intermediate Integration Topics

Chapter 9: Forging into New Areas: Solving Area Problems Breaking Us in Two Improper Integrals

> <u>Getting horizontal</u> <u>Going vertical</u>

Solving Area Problems with More Than One Function

Finding the area under more than one function Finding the area between two functions Looking for a sign Measuring unsigned area between curves with a quick trick

The Mean Value Theorem for Integrals Calculating Arc Length

<u>Chapter 10: Pump Up the Volume: Using Calculus</u> to Solve 3-D Problems

Slicing Your Way to Success

Finding the volume of a solid with congruent cross sections Finding the volume of a solid with similar cross sections Measuring the volume of a pyramid Measuring the volume of a weird solid

<u>Turning a Problem on Its Side</u> <u>Two Revolutionary Problems</u> Solidifying your understanding of solids of revolution Skimming the surface of revolution

Finding the Space Between Playing the Shell Game

Peeling and measuring a can of soup Using the shell method

Knowing When and How to Solve 3-D Problems

Part IV: Infinite Series

<u>Chapter 11: Following a Sequence, Winning the</u> <u>Series</u>

Introducing Infinite Sequences

Understanding notations for sequences Looking at converging and diverging sequences

Introducing Infinite Series Getting Comfy with Sigma Notation

Writing sigma notation in expanded form Seeing more than one way to use sigma notation Discovering the Constant Multiple Rule for series Examining the Sum Rule for series <u>Connecting a Series with Its Two Related</u> <u>Sequences</u>

A series and its defining sequence A series and its sequences of partial sums

Recognizing Geometric Series and P-Series

<u>Getting geometric series</u> <u>Pinpointing p-series</u>

<u>Chapter 12: Where Is This Going? Testing for</u> <u>Convergence and Divergence</u>

<u>Starting at the Beginning</u> <u>Using the nth-Term Test for Divergence</u> <u>Let Me Count the Ways</u>

<u>One-way tests</u> <u>Two-way tests</u>

Choosing Comparison Tests

<u>Getting direct answers with the direct</u> <u>comparison test</u> <u>Testing your limits with the limit</u> <u>comparison test</u>

<u>Two-Way Tests for Convergence and</u> <u>Divergence</u>

Integrating a solution with the integral test

<u>Rationally solving problems with the ratio</u> <u>test</u> Rooting out answers with the root test

Looking at Alternating Series

Eyeballing two forms of the basic alternating series Making new series from old ones Alternating series based on convergent positive series Checking out the alternating series test Understanding absolute and conditional convergence Testing alternating series

<u>Chapter 13: Dressing Up Functions with the Taylor</u> <u>Series</u>

Elementary Functions

Knowing two drawbacks of elementary functions Appreciating why polynomials are so friendly Representing elementary functions as polynomials Representing elementary functions as series

Power Series: Polynomials on Steroids

Integrating power series

<u>Understanding the interval of</u> <u>convergence</u>

Expressing Functions as Series

Expressing sin x as a series Expressing cos x as a series

Introducing the Maclaurin Series Introducing the Taylor Series

Computing with the Taylor series Examining convergent and divergent Taylor series Expressing functions versus approximating functions Calculating error bounds for Taylor polynomials

Understanding Why the Taylor Series Works

Part V: Advanced Topics

Chapter 14: Multivariable Calculus

Visualizing Vectors

<u>Understanding vector basics</u> <u>Distinguishing vectors and scalars</u> <u>Calculating with vectors</u>

Leaping to Another Dimension

Understanding 3-D Cartesian coordinates Using alternative 3-D coordinate systems

Functions of Several Variables Partial Derivatives

<u>Measuring slope in three dimensions</u> <u>Evaluating partial derivatives</u>

Multiple Integrals

<u>Measuring volume under a surface</u> <u>Evaluating multiple integrals</u>

<u>Chapter 15: What's So Different about Differential</u> <u>Equations?</u>

Basics of Differential Equations

<u>Classifying DEs</u> <u>Looking more closely at DEs</u>

Solving Differential Equations

Solving separable equations Solving initial-value problems (IVPs) Using an integrating factor

Part VI: The Part of Tens

Chapter 16: Ten "Aha!" Insights in Calculus II

Integrating Means Finding the Area When You Integrate, Area Means Signed Area Integrating Is Just Fancy Addition Integration Uses Infinitely Many Infinitely Thin Slices

Integration Contains a Slack Factor <u>A Definite Integral Evaluates to a Number</u> <u>An Indefinite Integral Evaluates to a Function</u> <u>Integration Is Inverse Differentiation</u> <u>Every Infinite Series Has Two Related</u> <u>Sequences</u> <u>Every Infinite Series Either Converges or</u> Diverges

Chapter 17: Ten Tips to Take to the Test

<u>Breathe</u> <u>Start by Reading through the Exam</u> <u>Solve the Easiest Problem First</u> <u>Don't Forget to Write dx and + C</u> <u>Take the Easy Way Out Whenever Possible</u> <u>If You Get Stuck, Scribble</u> <u>If You Really Get Stuck, Move On</u> <u>Check Your Answers</u> <u>If an Answer Doesn't Make Sense,</u> <u>Acknowledge It</u> <u>Repeat the Mantra "I'm Doing My Best," and</u> <u>Then Do Your Best</u>

Cheat Sheet

Calculus II For Dummies[®], 2nd Edition

by Mark Zegarelli



John Wiley & Sons, Inc.

Calculus II For Dummies[®], 2nd Edition

Published by John Wiley & Sons, Inc. 111 River St. Hoboken, NJ 07030-5774 www.wiley.com

Copyright $\ensuremath{\mathbb{C}}$ 2012 by John Wiley & Sons, Inc., Hoboken, New Jersey

Published simultaneously in Canada

No part of this publication may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system or transmitted in any form or by any means, electronic, mechanical, photocopying, recording, scanning or otherwise, except as permitted under Sections 107 or 108 of the 1976 United States Copyright Act, without the prior written permission of the Publisher. Requests to the Publisher for permission should be addressed to the Permissions Department, John Wiley & Sons, Inc., 111 River Street, Hoboken, NJ 07030, (201) 748-6011, fax (201) 748-6008, or online at <u>http://www.wiley.com/go/permissions</u>.

Trademarks: Wiley, the Wiley logo, For Dummies, the Dummies Man logo, A Reference for the Rest of Us!, The Dummies Way, Dummies Daily, The Fun and Easy Way, Dummies.com, Making Everything Easier, and related trade dress are trademarks or registered trademarks of John Wiley & Sons, Inc., and/or its affiliates in the United States and other countries, and may not be used without written permission. All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners. John Wiley & Sons, Inc., is not associated with any product or vendor mentioned in this book. Limit of Liability/Disclaimer of Warranty: The publisher and the author make no representations or warranties with respect to the accuracy or completeness of the contents of this work and specifically disclaim all warranties, including without limitation warranties of fitness for a particular purpose. No warranty may be created or extended by sales or promotional materials. The advice and strategies contained herein may not be suitable for every situation. This work is sold with the understanding that the publisher is not engaged in rendering legal, accounting, or other professional services. If professional assistance is required, the services of a competent professional person should be sought. Neither the publisher nor the author shall be liable for damages arising herefrom. The fact that an organization or Website is referred to in this work as a citation and/or a potential source of further information does not mean that the author or the publisher endorses the information the organization or Website may provide or recommendations it may make. Further, readers should be aware that Internet Websites listed in this work may have changed or disappeared between when this work was written and when it is read.

For general information on our other products and services, please contact our Customer Care Department within the U.S. at 877-762-2974, outside the U.S. at 317-572-3993, or fax 317-572-4002.

For technical support, please visit <u>www.wiley.com/techsupport</u>.

Wiley publishes in a variety of print and electronic formats and by print-on-demand. Some material included with standard print versions of this book may not be included in e-books or in print-on-demand. If this book refers to media such as a CD or DVD that is not included in the version you purchased, you may download this material at <u>http://booksupport.wiley.com</u>. For more information about Wiley products, visit <u>www.wiley.com</u>. Library of Congress Control Number: 2011942768

ISBN 978-1-118-16170-8 (pbk); ISBN 978-1-118-20425-2 (ebk); ISBN 978-1-118-20424-5 (ebk); ISBN 978-1-118-20426-9 (ebk)

Manufactured in the United States of America

 $10\ 9\ 8\ 7\ 6\ 5\ 4\ 3\ 2\ 1$



About the Author

Mark Zegarelli is the author of *Logic For Dummies* (Wiley), *Basic Math & Pre-Algebra For Dummies* (Wiley), and numerous books of puzzles. He holds degrees in both English and math from Rutgers University, and he lives in Long Branch, New Jersey, and San Francisco, California.

Dedication

For my brilliant and beautiful sister, Tami. You are an inspiration.

Author's Acknowledgments

Many thanks for the editorial guidance and wisdom of Lindsay Lefevere, Stephen Clark, Chrissy Guthrie, Alissa Schwipps, Sarah Faulkner, and Jessica Smith of John Wiley & Sons, Inc. Thanks also to Technical Editors, Jeffrey A. Oaks, Eric Boucher, and Jamie Whittimore McGill. Thanks especially to my friend David Nacin, PhD, for his shrewd guidance and technical assistance.

Much love and thanks to my family: Dr. Anthony and Christine Zegarelli, Mary Lou and Alan Cary, Joe and Jasmine Cianflone, and Deseret Moctezuma-Rackham and Janet Rackham. Thanksgiving is at my place this year!

And, as always, thank you to my partner, Mark Dembrowski, for your constant wisdom, support, and love.

Publisher's Acknowledgments

We're proud of this book; please send us your comments at <u>http://dummies.custhelp.com</u>. For other comments, please contact our Customer Care Department within the U.S. at 877-762-2974, outside the U.S. at 317-572-3993, or fax 317-572-4002.

Some of the people who helped bring this book to market include the following:

Acquisitions, Editorial, and Vertical Websites

Senior Project Editors: Alissa Scwhipps, Christina Guthrie

(Previous Edition: Stephen R. Clark)

Executive Editor: Lindsay Sandman Lefevere

Copy Editor: Jessica Smith

Assistant Editor: David Lutton

Editorial Program Coordinator: Joe Niesen

Technical Editors: Eric Boucher, Jamie W. McGill

Editorial Manager: Christine Meloy Beck

Editorial Assistants: Rachelle Amick, Alexa Koschier

Cover Photos: © iStockphoto.com/ Alexander Shirokov

Cartoons: Rich Tennant (<u>www.the5thwave.com</u>)

Composition Services

Project Coordinator: Katherine Crocker

Layout and Graphics: Carrie A. Cesavice, Corrie Socolovitch

Proofreaders: Rebecca Denoncour, Henry Lazarek, Lauren Mandelbaum

Indexer: Potomac Indexing, LLC

Equation Setting: Marylouise Wiack

Publishing and Editorial for Consumer Dummies

Kathleen Nebenhaus, Vice President and Executive Publisher

Kristin Ferguson-Wagstaffe, Product Development Director

Ensley Eikenburg, Associate Publisher, Travel

Kelly Regan, Editorial Director, Travel

Publishing for Technology Dummies

Andy Cummings, Vice President and Publisher

Composition Services

Debbie Stailey, Director of Composition Services

Introduction

Calculus is the great Mount Everest of math. Most of the world is content to just gaze upward at it in awe. But only a few brave souls attempt the ascent.

Or maybe not.

In recent years, calculus has become a required course not only for math, engineering, and physics majors, but also for students of biology, economics, psychology, nursing, and business. Law schools and MBA programs welcome students who've taken calculus because it requires discipline and clarity of mind. Even more and more high schools are encouraging students to study calculus in preparation for the Advanced Placement (AP) exam.

So perhaps calculus is more like a well-traveled Vermont mountain, with lots of trails and camping spots, plus a big ski lodge on top. You may need some stamina to conquer it, but with the right guide (this book, for example!), you're not likely to find yourself swallowed up by a snowstorm half a mile from the summit.

About This Book

You *can* learn calculus. That's what this book is all about. In fact, as you read these words, you may well already be a winner, having passed a course in Calculus I. If so, then congratulations and a nice pat on the back are in order.

Having said that, I want to discuss a few rumors you may have heard about Calculus II:

- Calculus II is harder than Calculus I.
- Calculus II is harder, even, than either Calculus III or Differential Equations.
- Calculus II is more frightening than having your home invaded by zombies in the middle of the night and will result in emotional trauma requiring years of costly psychotherapy to heal.

Now, I admit that Calculus II is harder than Calculus I. Also, I may as well tell you that many — but not all — math students find it to be harder than the two semesters of math that follow. (Speaking personally, I found Calc II to be easier than Differential Equations.) But I'm holding my ground that the longterm psychological effects of a zombie attack far outweigh those awaiting you in any one-semester math course.

The two main topics of Calculus II are integration and infinite series. *Integration* is the inverse of differentiation, which you study in Calculus I. (For practical purposes, integration is a method for finding the area of unusual geometric shapes.) An *infinite series* is a sum of numbers that goes on forever, like 1 + 2 + 3 + ... or + + + ... Roughly speaking, most teachers focus on integration for the first two-thirds of the semester and infinite series for the last third.

This book gives you a solid introduction to what's covered in a college course in Calculus II. You can use it either for self-study or while enrolled in a Calculus II course.

So feel free to jump around. Whenever I cover a topic that requires information from earlier in the book, I refer you to that section in case you want to refresh yourself on the basics.

Here are two pieces of advice for math students (remember them as you read the book):

Study a little every day. I know that students face a great temptation to let a book sit on the shelf until the night before an assignment is due. This is a particularly poor approach for Calc II. Math, like water, tends to seep in slowly and swamp the unwary!

So, when you receive a homework assignment, read over every problem as soon as you can and try to solve the easy ones. Go back to the harder problems every day, even if it's just to reread and think about them. You'll probably find that over time, even the most opaque problem starts to make sense.

Use practice problems for practice. After you read through an example and think you understand it, copy the problem down on paper, close the book, and try to work it through. If you can get through it from beginning to end, you're ready to move on. If not, go ahead and peek, but then try solving the problem later without peeking. (Remember, on exams, no peeking is allowed!)

Conventions Used in This Book

Throughout the book, I use the following conventions:

Italicized text highlights new words and defined terms.

Boldfaced text indicates keywords in bulleted lists and the action parts of numbered steps.

Monofont text highlights web addresses.

Angles are measured in radians rather than degrees, unless I specifically state otherwise. (See Chapter 2 for a discussion about the advantages of using radians for measuring angles.)

What You're Not to Read

All authors believe that each word they write is pure gold, but you don't have to read every word in this book unless you really want to. You can skip over sidebars (those gray shaded boxes) where I go off on a tangent, unless you find that tangent interesting. Also feel free to pass by paragraphs labeled with the Technical Stuff icon.

If you're not taking a class where you'll be tested and graded, you can skip paragraphs labeled with the Tip icon and jump over extended step-by-step examples. However, if you're taking a class, read this material carefully and practice working through examples on your own.

Foolish Assumptions

Not surprisingly, a lot of Calculus II builds on topics introduced in Calculus I and Pre-Calculus. So here are the foolish assumptions I make about you as you begin to read this book:

If you're a student in a Calculus II course, I assume that you passed Calculus I. (Even if you got a D-minus, your Calc I professor and I agree that you're good to go!)