

2nd Edition

Drums





Explore techniques that develop your rhythm

Learn the tips and tricks of different drumming styles

Follow the steps to set up and tune a drum kit

Jeff Strong

Professional drummer and instructor

Drums





Drums

2nd Edition

by Jeff Strong



Drums For Dummies®, 2nd Edition

Published by: John Wiley & Sons, Inc., 111 River Street, Hoboken, NJ 07030-5774, www.wiley.com

Copyright © 2020 by John Wiley & Sons, Inc., Hoboken, New Jersey

Published simultaneously in Canada

No part of this publication may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system or transmitted in any form or by any means, electronic, mechanical, photocopying, recording, scanning or otherwise, except as permitted under Sections 107 or 108 of the 1976 United States Copyright Act, without the prior written permission of the Publisher. Requests to the Publisher for permission should be addressed to the Permissions Department, John Wiley & Sons, Inc., 111 River Street, Hoboken, NJ 07030, (201) 748-6011, fax (201) 748-6008, or online at http://www.wiley.com/go/permissions.

Trademarks: Wiley, For Dummies, the Dummies Man logo, Dummies.com, Making Everything Easier, and related trade dress are trademarks or registered trademarks of John Wiley & Sons, Inc. and may not be used without written permission. All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners. John Wiley & Sons, Inc. is not associated with any product or vendor mentioned in this book.

LIMIT OF LIABILITY/DISCLAIMER OF WARRANTY: THE PUBLISHER AND THE AUTHOR MAKE NO REPRESENTATIONS OR WARRANTIES WITH RESPECT TO THE ACCURACY OR COMPLETENESS OF THE CONTENTS OF THIS WORK AND SPECIFICALLY DISCLAIM ALL WARRANTIES, INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION WARRANTIES OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. NO WARRANTY MAY BE CREATED OR EXTENDED BY SALES OR PROMOTIONAL MATERIALS. THE ADVICE AND STRATEGIES CONTAINED HEREIN MAY NOT BE SUITABLE FOR EVERY SITUATION. THIS WORK IS SOLD WITH THE UNDERSTANDING THAT THE PUBLISHER IS NOT ENGAGED IN RENDERING LEGAL, ACCOUNTING, OR OTHER PROFESSIONAL SERVICES. IF PROFESSIONAL ASSISTANCE IS REQUIRED, THE SERVICES OF A COMPETENT PROFESSIONAL PERSON SHOULD BE SOUGHT. NEITHER THE PUBLISHER NOR THE AUTHOR SHALL BE LIABLE FOR DAMAGES ARISING HEREFROM. THE FACT THAT AN ORGANIZATION OR WEBSITE IS REFERRED TO IN THIS WORK AS A CITATION AND/OR A POTENTIAL SOURCE OF FURTHER INFORMATION DOES NOT MEAN THAT THE AUTHOR OR THE PUBLISHER ENDORSES THE INFORMATION THE ORGANIZATION OR WEBSITE MAY PROVIDE OR RECOMMENDATIONS IT MAY MAKE. FURTHER, READERS SHOULD BE AWARE THAT INTERNET WEBSITES LISTED IN THIS WORK MAY HAVE CHANGED OR DISAPPEARED BETWEEN WHEN THIS WORK WAS WRITTEN AND WHEN IT IS READ.

For general information on our other products and services, please contact our Customer Care Department within the U.S. at 877-762-2974, outside the U.S. at 317-572-3993, or fax 317-572-4002. For technical support, please visit https://hub.wiley.com/community/support/dummies.

Wiley publishes in a variety of print and electronic formats and by print-on-demand. Some material included with standard print versions of this book may not be included in e-books or in print-on-demand. If this book refers to media such as a CD or DVD that is not included in the version you purchased, you may download this material at http://booksupport.wiley.com. For more information about Wiley products, visit www.wiley.com.

Library of Congress Control Number: 2020939548

ISBN 978-1-119-69551-6 (pbk); ISBN 978-1-119-69553-0 (ebk); ISBN 978-1-119-69556-1 (ebk)

Manufactured in the United States of America

10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1

Contents at a Glance

Introduction	1
Part 1: Setting a Solid Foundation	
CHAPTER 1: Drum Basics	
CHAPTER 2: I've Got Rhythm	
CHAPTER 3: Tapping into Drumming Techniques	
CHAPTER 4: Getting a Handle on Hand Drumming Techniques	. 53
Part 2: Digging into the Drumset	. 65
CHAPTER 5: Settling In Behind the Drumset	. 67
CHAPTER 6: Rolling into Rock Drumming	
CHAPTER 7: Beating the Blues	105
CHAPTER 8: Rallying Around R&B and Funk	
CHAPTER 9: Swinging into Jazz	
CHAPTER 10: Looking at Latin and Caribbean Styles	
CHAPTER 11: Ratcheting up Your Rock Drumming	171
Part 3: Dressing up Your Drumset Skills	191
CHAPTER 12: Getting Into the Groove	
CHAPTER 13: Expressing Yourself with Fills and Licks	
CHAPTER 14: Flying Solo	217
Part 4: Pounding Out the Beat: Traditional	
Drums and Percussion	225
CHAPTER 15: Handling Hand Drums	227
CHAPTER 16: Singling Out Stick-Played Drums	253
CHAPTER 17: Shake, Rattle, and Roll: Exploring Other Percussion Instruments	
CHAPTER 18: Jamming with World Rhythms	291
Part 5: Choosing, Tuning, and Caring for Your Drums	303
CHAPTER 19: Decision Time: Selecting a Drum of Your Own	
CHAPTER 20: Tuning and Maintaining Your Drums	
Part 6: The Part of Tens	
CHAPTER 21: Ten Ways to Expand Your Drumming Horizons	
снартея 22: Ten Tips for Finding a Drum Instructor	335
Appendix: How to Use the Website	343
Index	359

Table of Contents

INTRO	DUCTION	. 1
	About This Book. Conventions Used in This Book. What You're Not to Read Foolish Assumptions. How This Book Is Organized Part 1: Setting a Solid Foundation. Part 2: Digging into the Drumset. Part 3: Dressing up Your Drumset Skills Part 4: Pounding Out the Beat: Traditional Drums and Percussion Part 5: Choosing, Tuning, and Caring for Your Drums. Part 6: The Part of Tens Appendix. Icons Used in This Book Beyond the Book Where to Go from Here	.2 .3 .3 .4 .4 .5 .5 .5
	1: SETTING A SOLID FOUNDATION	. 7
CHAPTER 1:	Picking a Drum Apart from Head to Shell Exploring How Drums Create Sound Deconstructing the Drumset Appreciating the Old-timers: Traditional Drums Swingin' Sticks and Slapping the Skins	10 11 12 15
CHAPTER 2:	I've Got Rhythm	20 25 27 28
CHAPTER 3:	Tapping into Drumming Techniques Talkin' Technique: What You Need to Know Perfecting your posture Preventing injuries Hitting the drum: It's (not) all in the wrist	31 32 32

Speaking Softly and Carrying Big Sticks	37
Holding the sticks	
Understanding drumstick strokes	
Painting a Variety of Textures with Brushes	
Getting to know brush styles	
Getting a grip on brushing techniques	
Forging a Foundation with Rudiments	
The single-stroke roll	
The double-stroke roll	
The paradiddle	
The flam	
The ruff	
Getting the Most Out of Your Practice Sessions	
Starting slowly	
Counting out the rhythm	
Thinking it through first	
Toughing out practice	
Knowing when to stop	51
CHAPTER 4: Getting a Handle on Hand Drumming	
Techniques	E2
Taking Matters (and Tones) into Your Own Hands	
Opting for Open Tones	
Basic open tone stroke	
The appropriate to a	
The open slap tone	
Bass tone	
THE TIII SUOKE	
Mastering Muted Tones	58
Mastering Muted Tones	58
Mastering Muted Tones	58 58 58
Mastering Muted Tones	58 58 58
Mastering Muted Tones Basic muted tone. The closed slap stroke The palm stroke. The heel-tip stroke.	58 58 58 59
Mastering Muted Tones	58 58 58 59 59
Mastering Muted Tones Basic muted tone. The closed slap stroke The palm stroke. The heel-tip stroke. Venturing into Some Alternative Strokes. Brushing stroke.	58 58 59 59 60
Mastering Muted Tones Basic muted tone. The closed slap stroke The palm stroke. The heel-tip stroke. Venturing into Some Alternative Strokes. Brushing stroke. Drone tone	58 58 59 59 60 60
Mastering Muted Tones Basic muted tone. The closed slap stroke The palm stroke. The heel-tip stroke. Venturing into Some Alternative Strokes. Brushing stroke Drone tone. The snap	58 58 59 59 60 60
Mastering Muted Tones Basic muted tone. The closed slap stroke The palm stroke. The heel-tip stroke. Venturing into Some Alternative Strokes. Brushing stroke Drone tone The snap. Trills	58 58 59 59 60 60 61
Mastering Muted Tones Basic muted tone. The closed slap stroke The palm stroke. The heel-tip stroke. Venturing into Some Alternative Strokes. Brushing stroke Drone tone. The snap	58 58 59 59 60 61 61

PART 2	2: DIGGING INTO THE DRUMSET	65
CHAPTER 5:	Settling In Behind the Drumset Setting Up Your Drumset Sitting on the throne Positioning the pedals Securing the snare drum Placing the tom-toms Adjusting the ride cymbal. Angling the crash cymbals Raising the hi-hats Putting Your Foot Down Beating the bass drum Playing the hi-hats Working Out: Exercises to Improve Your Hand- and Footwork	67 68 69 70 71 72 73 75
CHAPTER 6:	Rolling into Rock Drumming. Harnessing the Backbeat Mastering the Basic Beats Eighth-note feel Sixteenth-note feel Half-time feel The rock shuffle The half-time shuffle feel Dressing Up the Basic Beats Mixing up the hi-hat Moving the backbeat. Adding syncopations. Incorporating fills.	82 84 86 90 92 94 94
CHAPTER 7:	Beating the Blues Finding the Pocket and Staying in It Playing Blues Slow tempo. Medium tempo Fast tempo Filling in or not Understanding Blues Song Structure	105 106 108 110 111
CHAPTER 8:	Rallying Around R&B and Funk. Playing R&B Grooves. Keeping time Adding ghost notes Opening and closing the hi-hat	115 116 118

	Getting Funky: Exploring Funk Drumming	
	Incorporating syncopation	
	Syncopating the snare drum beats	
	Including ghost notes	
	Opening and closing the hi-hat	127
CHAPTER 9:	Swinging into Jazz	129
	Getting Into the Swing of It	129
	Varying the tempo	132
	Tackling different textures	
	Adding to the beat	
	Expanding Your Horizons	
	Riding the cymbal	
	Adding accents	
	Incorporating the snare drum	
	Including the bass drum	
	Telling Your Story: Soloing	
	Making two-bar phrases	
	Creating four-bar phrases	
	Blending Styles: Jazz-Fusion	
	Playing Fusion Rhythms	
	Knowing that more (not less) is more	
	Forgetting swing (at least for now)	
	Dealing with odd meter	154
CHAPTER 10	ELooking at Latin and Caribbean Styles	157
	Building On Traditions	
	Playing Afro-Cuban Rhythms	
	Bolero	159
	Cha-cha	160
	Mambo	
	Nanigo	
	Playing Brazilian Rhythms	
	Samba	
	Bossa nova	
	Playing Caribbean Rhythms	
	Reggae	
	Calypso	
	Filling It Out	
CHAPTER 11	Ratcheting up Your Rock Drumming	
	Building on a Solid Foundation	
	Exploring Some Great Drummers and Their Grooves	
	Peeking into the pop drumming of Kenny Aronoff	
	Checking out punk's Travis Barker	176

Catching up with the jazz influence of Cart	
Discovering rock legend John Bonham	
Looking at Dave Grohl's alternative drumn	9
Jamming with a drummer's drummer: Jeff	
Examining Spüg's heavy rock style	
Finding Your Own Inspiration	189
PART 3: DRESSING UP YOUR DRUMSET S	KILLS 191
CHAPTER 12: Getting Into the Groove	193
Getting the Feel of the Music	
Playing Musically	
Understanding song structure	
Fitting your playing style to the song	
Choosing the Perfect Rhythm	
Getting hints from other musicians	
Using the music as a guide	
Adding Your Personality	
Choosing the bass drum part	
Selecting the snare drum part	200
Picking the cymbals	
Electing embellishments	201
CHAPTER 13: Expressing Yourself with Fills and	Licks 203
Enhancing Your Drumming with Licks	204
Increasing Your Impact with Fills	
Marking the phrase	
Supporting dynamic variation	
Playing Some Fills — From One Beat to Four .	
Creating Your Own Fills	
Fitting the musical situation	213
Syncopating	214
Rolling	215
CHAPTER 14: Flying Solo	217
Soloing Basics	
Keeping time	
Playing musically	
Thinking melodically	
Pushing the limits	

PART 4: POUNDING OUT THE BEAT: TRADITIONAL DRUMS AND PERCUSSION	225
CHAPTER 15: Handling Hand Drums	
Embracing the Variety in Drums	
Beating the Bongos	
Playing position	
Understanding the rhythms	
Carrying On with the Congas	
Playing position	
Understanding the rhythms	
Discovering the Djembe	
Playing position	
Understanding the rhythms	
Uncovering the Udu	
Playing position	
Understanding the rhythms	
Deciphering the Doumbek	
Playing position	
Understanding the rhythms	
Touting the Tar	
Playing position	
Understanding the rhythms	
Tapping the Power of the Tambourine/Riq	
Playing position	
Understanding the rhythms	
Partying with the Pandeiro	249
Playing position	249
Understanding the rhythms	251
CHAPTER 16: Singling Out Stick-Played Drums	252
Bopping to the Bodhran	
Playing position	
Understanding the rhythms	
Detailing the Djun Djuns	
Playing position	
Understanding the rhythms	
Rubbing the Cuica	
Playing position	
Understanding the rhythms	
Striking the Surdo	
Playing position	
Understanding the rhythms	∠6∠

Rapping the Repanique	264
Playing position	265
Understanding the rhythms	265
Tapping the Tamborim	266
Playing position	267
Understanding the rhythms	267
Tinkering with the Timbales	269
Playing position	269
Understanding the rhythms	270
CHAPTER 17: Shake, Rattle, and Roll: Exploring	
Other Percussion Instruments	273
Ringing the Agogo Bells	
Playing position	
Understanding the rhythms	
Twisting and Shaking the Afuche/Cabasa	
Playing position	
Understanding the rhythms	
Keying in to the Clavé	
Playing position	
Understanding the rhythms	
Clanging the Cowbell	
Playing position	
Understanding the rhythms	
Scraping the Guiro	282
Playing position	283
Understanding the rhythms	283
Movin' to the Maracas	284
Playing position	285
Understanding the rhythms	
Experimenting with Shakers	286
Playing position	
Understanding the rhythms	
Tapping the Triangle	
Playing position	
Understanding the rhythms	289
CHAPTER 18: Jamming with World Rhythms	291
Demystifying Polyrhythms	292
It Takes a Village: Using More Rhythms for Better Sound	
The Rhythm Nations: Playing Well with Others	
Exploring African polyrhythms	
Checking out Cuban polyrhythms	
Banging out Brazilian polyrhythms	

PART 5: CHOOSING, TUNING, AND CARING
FOR YOUR DRUMS
CHAPTER 19: Decision Time: Selecting a Drum
of Your Own305
Choosing a Drumset
The drums
Other hardware you have to buy separately
The cymbals
Choosing a Traditional Drum
Natural or synthetic drumheads
Shell type
Hardware style314
Branching Out: The Extras
Keeping time with the metronome
Carrying it all in cases
Knowing where to Find Didnis
CHAPTER 20: Tuning and Maintaining Your Drums
Checking Out Tuning Basics318
Tuning a drum with lugs
Tuning a drum with a rope system319
Tuning the untunable
Knowing when heads need replacing
Choosing replacement heads
Replacing your heads
Caring for Your Drums323
Handling hardware323
Cleaning cymbals
Storing and transporting safely
PART 6: THE PART OF TENS327
CHAPTER 21: Ten Ways to Expand Your Drumming Horizons 329
Checking out Classes
Visiting Clinics330
Attending Workshops
Exploring Drum Circles and Jams
Perusing Books and Videos
Getting Online
Inining a Band

	Forming Your Own Band	
CHAPTER 22:	Ten Tips for Finding a Drum Instructor Test Driving a Teacher Knowing Where to Look Understanding the Costs Involved Exploring a Teacher's Playing Style Gauging a Teacher's Willingness to Teach to Your Interests. Starting Where You Are Getting a Sense of History Honoring Yourself Understanding Expectations Knowing When to Move On	335 336 337 337 338 338 339 340
APPEN	IDIX: HOW TO USE THE WEBSITE	343
INDFX		359

Introduction

Il the drummers I've ever met (and I've met quite a few) started out by tapping or pounding on just about anything they could get their hands on. Chances are that if you picked up this book, you fit into this category as well. So, even if you've never played an actual drum or studied drumming in any formal sense, you're a drummer.

With drumming, you've chosen the world's oldest and most popular musical instrument. There isn't a place on this planet that doesn't have some sort of drumming tradition. In fact, as you'll discover in the following pages, playing drums is a universal pastime that anyone can enjoy, regardless of his or her taste in music.

My purpose with this book is to introduce you to as many types of drums and drumming styles as I can in 384 pages. If you're like me, you can find joy in each of them. And by knowing a variety of playing techniques, you can end up being a much better and more versatile drummer.

About This Book

This book allows the drumset player to develop all the skills needed to play a variety of drumming styles from rock to Latin and jazz to R&B. I also expose you to traditional techniques that you can easily incorporate into your drumset playing.

Unlike most drum books, *Drums For Dummies*, 2nd Edition goes beyond the modern drumset and also includes a variety of traditional drums and percussion instruments. For the traditionalist or drum circle enthusiast, *Drums For Dummies*, 2nd Edition includes descriptions of how to play a variety of traditional hand and stick-played drums as well as some common percussion instruments. So, whether you're interested in playing a drumset in popular music or being involved in drumming ensembles using traditional drums and percussion instruments, this book is for you.

Drums For Dummies, 2nd Edition is able to contain all this information because you won't find any exercises that you can't use in real-world situations. The result: You can learn how to actually play the drums much sooner and without learning unnecessary stuff.

This book is also a handy reference for drumming. You can find a variety of drums from around the world that you may not have ever seen or heard of before now. I explain each of these drums, and I describe their technique so that you can play them in the traditional way using traditional rhythms. I also discuss how you can use each of these drums in a musical situation today.

By no means does this book cover all the different drums and percussion instruments played today, but it does cover more than a dozen of the drums that I see most often. And, with the techniques that I describe, you can easily play any drum that I don't present in this book. Just find a drum that looks similar to yours and start there.

Conventions Used in This Book

I use a few conventions in this book to make it easier for you to understand and navigate. Here's a list of those conventions:

- >> You'll see many of the rhythms in this book marked with a *track bar* that tells you where to find that rhythm on the book's companion website when you play it as standard music. The website and book together allow you to hear as well as see how to play each rhythm, making the learning process that much quicker. *All* the rhythms are now available as audio files.
- >> All the drumset grooves are written for the right-handed player. Well, not exactly right-handed people, but rather people who set up and play their drums in a right-handed way. I do this because it's the most common way to play a drum. Lefties take heart playing right-handed can actually be better for you. You end up having an advantage because your left hand is as strong as your right (trust me on this one I'm a lefty who plays right-handed, and so are a lot of other great drummers).
- >> The musical notation in this book is written so that you can read drumming music. I don't cover those areas (key signatures, melodies, and so on) that are present in music notation unless they specifically apply to the drum rhythm presented.

What You're Not to Read

If you're pressed for time (for example, you have an audition tomorrow), you don't have to read this entire book word-for-word. I can't promise that you'll nail that audition, but I do make it easy for you to know which parts of this book you can skip. Don't read the following unless you have ample time and a real thirst for drumming knowledge:

- Sidebars: These gray-shaded boxes are filled with fun, interesting information, but it's all nonessential.
- >> Technical stuff: You can skip any paragraph marked with a Technical Stuff icon (see "Icons Used in This Book" later in this introduction). This information may be too technical the first time you read through this book, but come back to it as you get more comfortable with your drumming it will only enhance your knowledge of the subject.
- >> **Drum history:** Don't worry; I don't give you any quizzes on the history of drumming. If you're one of those rare souls who finds history fascinating, dive right in. If you're like the rest of us, this icon lets you know that you don't have to read these sections.

Foolish Assumptions

I really don't make any assumptions about you, the reader. I don't assume that you're interested in a certain type of drum. I don't assume that you want to play a specific style of music. I don't even assume that you already have a drum or that you know what kind of drumming you want to do. In fact, if you don't know these things, this book can help you decide.

The only assumption I make is that you're reading this book because you want to learn how to turn your aimless tapping into music.

How This Book Is Organized

This book is organized so that you can get the information you want quickly and not be burdened with stuff you don't need or want to know. Each section contains chapters that cover a specific area of drumming.

Part 1: Setting a Solid Foundation

Part 1 contains four chapters that cover the basics of drumming. Chapter 1 introduces you to the world of drums and shows you some of the most common drums used today. Chapter 2 provides you with a vocabulary that allows you to read drumming music quickly (you don't need to read music in order to play the rhythms in this book if you don't want to — you can go to the website and listen to some of the rhythms, or download the audio files and listen to all the rhythms). Chapter 3 introduces you to the proper way to hit the drums with a stick, and Chapter 4 explores many ways that you can play a drum with your hands.

Part 2: Digging into the Drumset

Part 2 explores the modern drumset. In Chapter 5, you discover how to set up your drumset as well as some basic drumset skills that will help you move your limbs independently of one another. Chapter 6 shows you how to play the drumset in the rock style, and Chapter 7 introduces you to blues drumming. Chapter 8 presents the way to drum in the R&B and funk drumming techniques, and Chapter 9 explores jazz and fusion styles. In Chapter 10, you uncover the secrets to playing Latin and Caribbean rhythms. And, in Chapter 11, you can expand on your rock skills by looking at the rhythms of some great drummers.

Part 3: Dressing up Your Drumset Skills

Part 3 helps you express your own personality on the drumset. Chapter 12 examines what makes a rhythm groove and how to put together a beat that fits your musical situation. In Chapter 13, you can explore how to use licks and fills to complement the music and make a personal statement. Chapter 14 gives you some ideas and guidelines to help you solo effectively.

Part 4: Pounding Out the Beat: Traditional Drums and Percussion

Part 4 presents a variety of drums and percussion instruments from around the world. In Chapter 15, you get a chance to discover a bunch of drums that you play with your hands. Chapter 16 explores some drums that you play with either a stick or a combination of a stick and your hand. Chapter 17 presents other percussion

instruments, such as the cowbell and the triangle. Chapter 18 builds on Chapters 15, 16, and 17 and shows you how you can combine these instruments to create polyrhythms.

Part 5: Choosing, Tuning, and Caring for Your Drums

Part 5 provides information to help you choose, tune, and care for your drums. Chapter 19 shows you what to look for when buying a drum or drumset. Chapter 20 explains how to tune and take care of your drums so that they sound their best and last a long time.

Part 6: The Part of Tens

Part 6 is a staple of *For Dummies* books. Chapter 21 shows you ten ways that you can continue on in the world of drumming, and Chapter 22 offers some tips on choosing a private drum instructor.

Appendix

The appendix explains the organization of the website that accompanies this book.

Icons Used in This Book

As with all For Dummies books, I use a few icons to help you along your way.



This icon highlights expert advice that can help you become a better drummer.

This icon lets you know ahead of time about those instances when the way you hit a drum can cause damage to the instrument or your ears. You also see this icon when I present you with a technique or rhythm that is challenging to play.



REMEMBER

Certain techniques are very important and stand repeating. This icon gives you those gentle nudges to keep your playing on track.



Throughout the text, I include some technical background on a specific technique. This icon shows up in those instances so that you know to brace yourself for some less inspiring information.



This icon directs you to fun facts about drumming that you can use to impress your friends.

Beyond the Book

In addition to what you're reading right now, this book comes with a free access-anywhere Cheat Sheet. To get this Cheat Sheet, go to www.dummies.com and search for "Bass Guitar For Dummies, 3rd Edition Cheat Sheet" by using the Search box.

Where to Go from Here

Drums For Dummies, 2nd Edition is set up so that you can either read it from cover to cover and progressively build your drumming knowledge, or you can jump around and read only the parts that interest you. I recommend that either way, you check out Chapters 2 and 3 first. These chapters lay the foundation from which all drumming is built. Knowing this stuff allows you to understand the information in all the other chapters faster and easier.

After you look over Chapters 2 and 3, you can either go to Part 2 if you're interested in the drumset or you can jump to Part 4 to learn about traditional drums.

If you don't have a drum but know what you want, you can find out how to buy one in Part 5. If you don't know what kind of drum you want to buy (well, besides a drumset), start with Part 4 for some ideas.

Setting a Solid Foundation

IN THIS PART . . .

At last, you've discovered that you're a drummer at heart. Now you want to move beyond those kitchen utensils to an actual drum. Well, this part introduces you to the world of drums and drumming. In Chapter 1, you find out what makes a drum a drum and you get a glimpse of the most common styles available. Chapter 2 gives you a foundation from which to develop your drumming skills by showing you how easy it is to read music. Chapter 3 introduces you to the myriad of ways to hit a drum with a stick and shows you the fundamentals of all drumming: the rudiments (well, a few anyway — the complete list is on the Cheat Sheet). Chapter 4 helps you get a handle on hitting the drums with your hands in case you want to move beyond the drumset to more traditional drums.

- » Understanding what a drum is
- » Discovering how a drum makes its sound
- » Identifying the parts of a drum
- » Recognizing the modern drumset and traditional drums

Chapter **1**

Drum Basics

rums are members of the *membraphone family* of musical instruments and are considered one of the world's oldest, dating back thousands of years . . . *yawn*. Bottom line, a drum is a musical instrument that creates a sound when you hit it. What distinguishes a drum from, say, a soup pot, is a membrane (I call it a *head* from now on) strung across a hollow chamber (called the *shell*).

Don't get me wrong. I have nothing against soup pots. Or garbage cans or match-boxes or any other improvised drum for that matter. They can be just as fun to play and listen to as a regular drum — just look at the rhythm group Stomp; now they have fun. Face it though, a soup pot may be satisfying to hit for a little while, but sooner or later you're gonna want a more refined sound. Enter the drum. A well-made and well-tuned drum can produce all the subtle dynamic textures of a finely crafted violin and create a variety of pleasing sounds, whereas a soup pot only clanks when you hit it.

In this chapter I introduce you to some drums, both the modern drumset and traditional styles. I also show you the difference between a drum and those kitchen appliances that you've probably been banging on for a while now. (It's okay to admit it. Most drummers spend their careers exploring the rhythmic possibilities of household objects — I'm tapping on my computer mouse right now.) I also explain why a drum sounds better than a cardboard box, and I let you know when you should use your hands, or when arming yourself with sticks works better.

Picking a Drum Apart from Head to Shell

Like pots, pans, and garbage cans, drums come in all shapes and sizes. Most are round, but some are octagonal. Some are shallow and others are deep. Some are shaped like bowls or cylinders, others like goblets or an hourglass. Some you beat with sticks, while others you strike with hands or fingers. (See Figure 1–1 for a few drum shapes and sizes.) But, regardless of their shape or size, all drums consist of three basic components:

- >> The head (the membrane strung across the shell)
- >> The shell (the body of the drum)
- >> The hardware (the stuff that holds the other two parts together)

The look of drum hardware can vary in a lot of ways. The hardware can be as simple as tacks nailed through the head into the shell, or it can be as elaborate as gold-plated cast metal rims with bolts that are tightened to precise torque tolerances (try saying that ten times fast). Either way, they all do the same thing: They create tension on the head so that it can vibrate freely against the edge of the shell. Check out Figure 1-2 for a few hardware styles.



FIGURE 1-1: Drums come in all shapes and sizes.



THE POWER OF ONE

Here's a story of a Vietnamese village that was about to be attacked by an enemy: The village had no soldiers available, so one man, a drummer, gathered the entire village's drums and began pounding them all as loud and fast as he could, making a huge ruckus. The attackers retreated and fled figuring that the village's army had to be very large and powerful to have command of such a group of drummers.

Exploring How Drums Create Sound

When you hit a drum, the head vibrates much the same way as a guitar string vibrates when you pluck it. And like the electric guitar when it's not plugged into an amp, not a lot of sound comes out of the head itself, which is where the shell comes in handy. The shell acts like the amplifier that your friend uses with his or her guitar — only you don't need to plug it in. So, you hit the drum, the head vibrates, and the sound bounces around inside the shell. This motion makes the shell vibrate too. All the sound is then projected out of the opening in the drum and, *voilà!* The result is the sound of sweet music. Amazingly enough, this action all happens in a fraction of a second.

How the drum sounds depends on the circumference of the head, how tightly it's tuned, and the size, shape, and hardness of the shell. All these factors determine why drums can sound so many different ways and still be just a head, a shell, and some hardware. Without getting too technical, the size and tension of the head dictates the drum's *pitch* (how high or low the drum's tone is) while the size, shape, and hardness of the shell control the volume and timbre of the drum. *Timbre* is a fancy word for the quality of sound produced by an instrument. This timbre is why not all acoustic guitars or violins cost the same amount. For these instruments, the better the timbre, the higher the price. Luckily, this idea isn't necessarily true for drums. (To find out more about the relationship between a drum's timbre and its cost, go to Chapter 19.)

I can go on and on about how the relationship between the head and the size and shape of the shell creates particular sounds, but doing so won't help you play the darn thing. So, the important thing to remember here is that the larger the diameter of drum, the deeper the sound, and the longer the shell, the louder the sound. As always, some exceptions exist, but for the most part you can count on this idea being true.



FIGURE 1-2: A variety of hardware styles.

Deconstructing the Drumset

Once upon a time, you played drums one at a time. Each drummer played only one drum, and in order to make bigger and better noise — er, music — more drummers were needed. Then somewhere along the way, innovative drummers started putting groups of drums together and beating them all at once. Today's drumsets consist of the following (see Figure 1–3):

- A. Bass drum. The bass drum usually sits on its side on the floor and is played by stepping on a pedal with the right foot. This drum is generally between 18 and 24 inches in diameter and between 14 and 18 inches deep. Its sound is the foundation of the rhythm of a band, often pounding out the basic pulse of the music or playing along with the bass player's rhythm.
- **Snare drum.** The snare drum is a shallow drum (typically between 5 and 7 inches deep) that's 14 inches in diameter and has a series of metal wires (called *snares*, hence the name *snare drum*) stretched against the bottom head. When you strike the drum, the bottom head vibrates against the snares. What you hear is a hissing sound. The snare drum creates the *backbeat* (the driving rhythm that you hear in most popular music; you can find out more about backbeats in Chapter 6) of the music and is what makes you want to dance.
- **Tom-tom.** The tom-toms are pitched drums that are usually between 9 and 18 inches in diameter. A drumset commonly has at least two, if not three, of them (some drummers, such as Neil Peart from the 1970s rock band Rush, have dozens of tom-toms, so go wild if you want to). Generally, the largest tom-tom (called a *floor tom*) is set up on the floor with legs that are attached