#### LEARNING MADE EASY



# Queen Elizabeth II

Get to know Britain's longest-serving monarch

Understand Queen Elizabeth II's impact on the modern world

See the intricacies of the UK's political structure

**Stewart Ross** 

Award-winning British author



## Queen Elizabeth II

by Stewart Ross



#### Queen Elizabeth II For Dummies®

Published by: John Wiley & Sons, Inc., 111 River Street, Hoboken, NJ 07030-5774, <u>www.wiley.com</u>

Copyright @ 2022 by John Wiley & Sons, Inc., Hoboken, New Jersey

Published simultaneously in Canada

No part of this publication may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system or transmitted in any form or by any means, electronic, mechanical, photocopying, recording, scanning or otherwise, except as permitted under Sections 107 or 108 of the 1976 United States Copyright Act, without the prior written permission of the Publisher. Requests to the Publisher for permission should be addressed to the Permissions Department, John Wiley & Sons, Inc., 111 River Street, Hoboken, NJ 07030, (201) 748-6011, fax (201) 748-6008, or online at http://www.wiley.com/go/permissions.

**Trademarks:** Wiley, For Dummies, the Dummies Man logo, Dummies.com, Making Everything Easier, and related trade dress are trademarks or registered trademarks of John Wiley & Sons, Inc. and may not be used without written permission. All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners. John Wiley & Sons, Inc. is not associated with any product or vendor mentioned in this book.

LIMIT OF LIABILITY/DISCLAIMER OF WARRANTY: WHILE THE PUBLISHER AND AUTHORS HAVE USED THEIR BEST EFFORTS IN PREPARING THIS WORK, THEY MAKE NO REPRESENTATIONS OR WARRANTIES WITH RESPECT TO THE ACCURACY OR COMPLETENESS OF THE CONTENTS OF THIS WORK AND SPECIFICALLY DISCLAIM ALL WARRANTIES, INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION ANY IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. NO WARRANTY MAY BE CREATED OR EXTENDED BY SALES REPRESENTATIVES, WRITTEN SALES MATERIALS OR PROMOTIONAL STATEMENTS FOR THIS WORK. THE FACT THAT AN ORGANIZATION, WEBSITE, OR PRODUCT IS REFERRED TO IN THIS WORK AS A CITATION AND/OR POTENTIAL SOURCE OF FURTHER INFORMATION DOES NOT MEAN THAT THE PUBLISHER AND AUTHORS ENDORSE THE INFORMATION OR SERVICES THE ORGANIZATION. WEBSITE, OR PRODUCT MAY PROVIDE OR **RECOMMENDATIONS IT MAY MAKE. THIS WORK IS** SOLD WITH THE UNDERSTANDING THAT THE PUBLISHER IS NOT ENGAGED IN RENDERING PROFESSIONAL SERVICES. THE ADVICE AND STRATEGIES CONTAINED HEREIN MAY NOT BE SUITABLE FOR YOUR SITUATION. YOU SHOULD CONSULT WITH A SPECIALIST WHERE APPROPRIATE. FURTHER. READERS SHOULD BE AWARE THAT WEBSITES LISTED IN THIS WORK MAY HAVE CHANGED OR DISAPPEARED BETWEEN WHEN THIS WORK WAS WRITTEN AND WHEN IT IS READ. NEITHER THE PUBLISHER NOR AUTHORS SHALL BE LIABLE FOR ANY LOSS OF PROFIT OR ANY OTHER COMMERCIAL DAMAGES, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL, CONSEQUENTIAL, OR OTHER DAMAGES.

For general information on our other products and services, please contact our Customer Care Department within the U.S. at 877-762-2974, outside the U.S. at 317-572-3993, or fax 317-572-4002. For technical support, please visit <u>www.wiley.com/techsupport</u>.

Wiley publishes in a variety of print and electronic formats and by print-on-demand. Some material included

with standard print versions of this book may not be included in e-books or in print-on-demand. If this book refers to media such as a CD or DVD that is not included in the version you purchased, you may download this material at <u>http://booksupport.wiley.com</u>. For more information about Wiley products, visit <u>www.wiley.com</u>.

Library of Congress Control Number: 2022932770 ISBN: 978-1-119-85034-2 (pbk); ISBN: 978-1-119-85035-9 (ebk); ISBN: 978-1-119-85036-6 (ebk)

## Queen Elizabeth II For Dummies®

To view this book's Cheat Sheet, simply go to <u>www.dummies.com</u> and search for "Queen Elizabeth II For Dummies Cheat Sheet" in the Search box.

## **Table of Contents**

Cover **Title Page Copyright** Introduction About This Book **Foolish Assumptions** Icons Used in This Book Beyond the Book Where to Go from Here Part 1: The Road to the Throne **Chapter 1: Queen Elizabeth II: A Global Icon** Carrying the Weight of History Following in the Footsteps of Grandpa and Daddy Wearing Many Different Hats And Being a Mum, Too The Secrets of Elizabeth's Success

#### **Chapter 2: Triumph of Compromise: Constitutional Monarchy**

From Tribal Leader to King of England Ruling by Divine Right? Establishing a Constitutional Monarchy

#### <u>Chapter 3: Victoria: The Queen Who Defined</u> an Era

The Monarchs Who Came Before Victoria

The Young Queen

Along Comes Albert

From Monarch to Empress

Celebrating Victoria's Jubilees

After Victoria

#### **Chapter 4: The Birth of a Princess**

Bertie: The Stammering Second Son Elizabeth Bowes-Lyon: A Suitable Match Princess Lilibet is Born

#### Chapter 5: Edward VIII: The King Who Abdicated

Edward Prince of Wales

<u>A Populist Prince</u>

Accession and Abdication

#### **Chapter 6: Preparing for the Throne**

Bertie Steps up to the Plate

The Royals at War

Countdown to the Crown

#### Part 2: The Young Queen

#### <u>Chapter 7: Coronation: 'I Present Unto You</u> <u>Queen Elizabeth'</u>

An Occasion of Pomp and Ceremony

A Day to Remember

**Chapter 8: The Queen Goes to Work** 

Working Daily as a Dutiful and Diligent Monarch Acting as a Political Figure Carrying On with a Continuous Round of Visits and Ceremonial Duties

#### **Chapter 9: Back-up: The Royal Household**

At Home With the Windsors Are You Being Served? Meeting the Royal Household Working for the Royal Family

#### **Chapter 10: The Globe-trotting Monarch**

Taking Those All-important First Steps

Travelling Around the World 42 Times (Without a Passport)

Touring the Commonwealth of Nations

Acting As a Royal Ambassador

Using Planes, Trains and Automobiles

#### **Chapter 11: The Queen Mother**

Creating a New Role for the Former Empress Sharing the Queen's Duties Flipping the Coin: The Other Side of the Queen Mother Sharing Royal Duties Around the Family

#### Part 3: The Need to Adapt Chapter 12: Times They Are a-Changing

Witnessing Britain's Waning Influence in the World

Joining the European Economic Community

<u>Surviving Gossip, Constitutional Complications, and</u> <u>Political Scandal</u>

Ruling Through the Swinging Sixties

Being Stuck in a Time Warp?

#### <u>Chapter 13: Margaret: Elizabeth's Troubled</u> <u>Sister</u>

Looking at the Early Life of the Lively One Becoming the All-singing, All-dancing Playgirl Falling in Love ... ... And (Eventually) Getting Married

Heading Downhill: Sex, Drink, and Cigarettes

#### Chapter 14: The Royal Response to Criticism

The Raising of Charles and Anne

Heading Towards the 1960s

Welcoming Two New Boys to the Family

Living With Unsavory Rumours

Living with the Labour Party

Opening Up to the World (A Little)

## Chapter 15: Celebrating 25 Years: The Silver Jubilee

Britain's Difficult Decade: The 1970s

Keeping Calm and Carrying On

Planning Elizabeth's Jubilee

Entering Jubilee Year

Celebrating in June 1977

#### Part 4: Stormy Waters

#### **Chapter 16: The Tragedy of Charles and Diana**

Stepping Out With Charles

Introducing Lady Diana

The Marriage of Charles and Diana

Going Steady: The First Few Years of Marriage

Fulfilling Royal Duties Together

Heading Towards the End of The Marriage

Remembering Diana's Final Year

#### **Chapter 17: The Queen's Wealth and the Cost of the Monarchy**

<u>Understanding Royal Finances Over the Centuries</u> <u>Reforming the System</u> Totalling Up the Windsors' Wealth Estimating Royal Value For Money

#### **Chapter 18: One Country, Two Women: The Age of Margaret Thatcher**

Comparing Elizabeth and Margaret

Navigating Difficulties and Dangers

More Bombings, a Wedding and a 60th Birthday

#### **Chapter 19: Defender of the Faith**

<u>Understanding the Long Relationship Between Crown and Church</u>

Figuring out Elizabeth's Faith

Checking out Royal Chapels and Churches

#### **Chapter 20: Annus Horribilis**

Staying Married is Hard to Do

Following the Family's Progress

Watching a Royal Game Show

Smouldering Tension: Fire in Windsor Castle

#### Part 5: Steadying The Ship

#### Chapter 21: 'Long to Reign Over Us': No Sign of Flagging

Negotiating the 1990s

The Death of Diana

Ancient Monarchy meets New Labour

**Celebrations and Bereavements** 

A Queen's Work is Never Done ...

#### **Chapter 22: The Queen's Animal Friends**

Horsing Around: The Princess and Her Ponies

Breeding Equine Success

Keeping Pets and Receiving Presents

Supporting Bloodsports

#### Chapter 23: The Golden and Diamond Jubilees

Celebrating 50 Years on the Throne: The Golden Jubilee

Following In the Footsteps of Victoria: The Diamond Jubilee Planning for the Platinum Jubilee

#### **Chapter 24: Succession Secured**

Entering a Brave New World

Becoming a Happier Family

Opening the London Olympics

Making Ripples on the Royal Pond

Going Green: Environmental Efforts

Exploring the Difficult Lives of William and Harry

Introducing Catherine Middleton

Changing the Rules of Succession

Updating the Monarchy In The New Century

#### **Chapter 25: Home Alone**

<u>Living Without Philip</u> <u>Facing Britain's Current Big Issues</u> <u>Going It Alone: Harry and Meghan</u> <u>Preparing For The Crown: King Charles III</u> What Will History Make of Her Majesty, Queen Elizabeth II?

#### Part 6: The Part of Tens

#### <u>Chapter 26: Ten Prime Ministers Elizabeth</u> <u>has Worked With</u>

 Winston Churchill (1952–1955)

 Harold Macmillan (1957–1963)

 Harold Wilson (1964–1970, 1974–1976)

 James Callaghan (1976–1979)

 Margaret Thatcher (1979–1990)

 John Major (1990–1997)

 Tony Blair (1997–2007)

 Gordon Brown (2007–2010)

 David Cameron (2010–2016)

 Boris Johnson (2019 to the time of writing)

#### **Chapter 27: Ten Tricky Moments for Elizabeth**

Rumours of Prince Philip's Infidelity (1948 onwards)

<u>The Affair Between Princess Margaret and Peter Townsend</u> (1952–1955)

Lord Altrincham Criticizes the 'Priggish School Girl' (1957).

<u>The Unwise Appointment of Lord Home as Prime Minister</u> (1963)

Dismissal Crisis: The Governor-General Sacks Australia's Prime Minister (1975)

Michael Fagan Sneaks Into the Queen's Bedroom (1982)

<u>A New Biography Reveals Criticism of Prince Charles's</u> <u>Upbringing (1994)</u>

The Palace is Slow to Capture the Public Mood on Princess Diana's death (1997)

Prince Charles Says he is 'Impatient' to Succeed to the Throne (2012)

President Trump Pats the Queen on the Back (2019)

#### **Chapter 28: Ten Royal Portrayals**

Jeanette Charles in Austin Powers in Goldmember (2002).

Helen Mirren in The Queen (2006)

Barbara Flynn in The Queen docu-drama (2009)

Freya Wilson in The King's Speech (2010)

Emma Thompson in Walking the Dogs (2012).

Sarah Gadon in A Royal Night Out (2015).

Penelope Wilton in The BFG (2016).

Claire Foy in The Crown (2016-2017)

Olivia Coleman in The Crown (2019-2020).

Imelda Staunton in The Crown (2022).

#### **Chapter 29: Ten Grandchildren and Great-Grandchildren**

Prince William, Duke of Cambridge Prince George of Cambridge Princess Charlotte Prince Harry, Duke of Sussex Princess Beatrice Princess Eugenie of York James Mountbatten-Windsor, Viscount Severn Lady Louise Mountbatten-Windsor Peter Phillips Zara Tindall

Index About the Author Supplemental Images Connect with Dummies End User License Agreement

### **List of Illustrations**

#### Chapter 1

FIGURE 1-1: Queen Elizabeth II's family tree.

#### **Chapter 3**

FIGURE 3-1: The Royal Family, from George III to Elizabeth II (simplified).

## Introduction

The subject of this book is one of the most memorable figures in recent world history, one of the very few who have become a legend in their own lifetime. This is all the more remarkable because Queen Elizabeth II did not seek power and influence, nor did she force her way onto the world stage through ambition or vanity. She inherited a job she had not asked for, and – because she sees it as her duty – she performs it with exemplary diligence, and has done so for over seventy years.

Whether or not you approve of the institution of hereditary monarchy is beside the point. Elizabeth did not have any say in the matter – she was dealt a hand and told to get on with it. So she did. It took her close to the very heart of things, meeting Winston Churchill, Jack Kennedy, Nelson Mandela ... being there when the Berlin Wall went up and when it came down ... witnessing the tragedies of her sister Margaret and Princess Diana. As you will discover, the story of Elizabeth's life is the story of the modern world.

## **About This Book**

To help you make sense of Elizabeth's life, especially if you come from outside the UK, I have included a fair slice of British history and stuff about Britain's byzantine unwritten constitution. I have also done my best to be objective in coverage and judgements, though I hope not to the point of blandness. I want you to enjoy using this book as much as I have enjoyed writing it.

Throughout the book, I've used UK English – the Queen's English! Among other things, you may spot more uses of

the letter "u" in words than you're used to, and "s" and "z" popping up in unusual places (if you're from the US). I feel it is important to write about Elizabeth in her own nation's version of our language.

When there are so many books, websites, blogs, podcasts, and so on, dealing with Queen Elizabeth II, what does *Queen Elizabeth II For Dummies* offer that's unique, making it stand out from the crowd? Here's an insight into my approach:

- » A neutral read. Unlike many authors approaching Elizabeth II, I have no axe to grind, no political point to prove. I don't believe she's a saint or a sinner, just an ordinary yet extraordinary human being. I give you the whole picture, warts and all.
- » A non-chronological read. What makes this book so useful, like all For Dummies titles, is the way it is organized for reference and for a pleasant read. You can dip in, check out a fact or a topic, and dip out again; or you can relax and read through a whole chapter or two.
- » An easy-to-understand read. To help the user, Queen Elizabeth II For Dummies uses handy icons, regular explanations of complex issues (I highlight these explanations with the use of *italic text*), sidebars about interesting-but-not-essential subjects, and the helpful use of bullet points.
- » A humorous read. Life is nothing without a smile wherever possible, I've tried to handle the subject with wit and precision, pointing out the oddities and quirks that festoon the British monarchy.

Several places in the book have links to web addresses. If you're reading a digital version on a device connected to the internet, you can click the web address to access the site directly, like this: <u>www.dummies.com</u>. Alternatively, you can type the address into your browser.

To make the content of *Queen Elizabeth II For Dummies* more accessible, I have divided it into six parts:

- » Part 1: The Road to the Throne places Elizabeth's early life in the context of the evolution of Britain's constitutional monarchy.
- » Part 2: The Young Queen covers Elizabeth's coronation, her early years on the throne, and the daily life of a working royal.
- » Part 3: The Need to Adapt looks at how Elizabeth slowly – and at times reluctantly – adapted the centuries-old institution of monarchy to the rapidly changing post-war world.
- » Part 4: Stormy Waters deals with the series of painful events that beset Elizabeth in the lead up to her Annus Horribilis of 1992.
- » Part 5: Steadying the Ship brings the bitter-sweet story of Elizabeth's reign to the present day, taking in joyful jubilees, painful losses, and hopes for the future.
- » Part 6: The Part of Tens includes ten prime ministers Elizabeth has worked with, ten tricky situations she had to navigate, ten actors who have portrayed her on screen, and snapshots of ten of her grandchildren and great-grandchildren.

Finally, if I may, a short blast on my own trumpet. I have been teaching and writing about history at all levels, from primary school to university, for half a century. This book is a distillation of years of practice in clarifying the complex – and I hope it works like that for you.

## Foolish Assumptions

As I sat writing this book, I conjured up a picture of you, the reader, in my mind. How did I imagine you?

- » You have an enquiring mind about the British Royal Family.
- » You're interested in politics, current affairs, history and probably a bit of gossip, too!
- » English (though not necessarily British English) is probably your first language. If it's not, then you're definitely fluent. This is not a book for the Englishlanguage beginner – unless you have bags of patience and a large dictionary.
- » You may well have watched the TV series The Crown or the film The Queen, and want to know more about what was going on and how much of it is true.

Recognize yourself? I hope so, because this book is for you.

## Icons Used in This Book

Throughout this book, icons in the margins highlight certain types of valuable information that call out for your attention. Here are the icons you'll encounter, with a brief description of each.



Helpful insights and tips. I use these to draw your attention to a strange or uncertain point that I think will interest you, and personal insights from me.



**REMEMBER** This is the key information within the book. If you take away nothing else from these pages but the stuff flagged by these icons, you'll have Queen Elizabeth II and her reign pretty well covered. To siphon off the most important information in each chapter, just skim through to these icons.



to getting to grips with the Queen. I use these icons to indicate background material on British politics, history, tradition, or constitutional convention.



WARNING Watch out! I use this icon to point out where fiction, especially in *The Crown*, drifts wide of fact for the sake of a good story, or to explain incidents that you may have heard about but are unsure how true they are. Myth is fun, but it can lead to serious or hurtful misunderstanding.

## **Beyond the Book**

Queen Elizabeth is almost 100 years old, and the British history that created the monarchy she inherited is more than 1,500 years old. That's an awful lot of information, and I couldn't possibly shoehorn all I wanted into this book. Happily, beside the abundance of information and guidance within these pages, you can get access to even more help and information online. To check out this book's online Cheat Sheet, just go to www.dummies.com and search for "Queen Elizabeth II For Dummies Cheat Sheet".

## Where to Go from Here

Though the structure of this book is roughly chronological, that doesn't mean it's designed to be read from start to finish like a story book. You can start anywhere you want, depending on what you're looking for or what you're interested in.

Let's take a few examples of where you might want to start, if you don't fancy rolling up your sleeves up and getting stuck into <u>Chapter 1</u>:

- » If you'd like to know a bit more about the relationship of Prince Charles with Princess Diana, dip into <u>Chapter</u> <u>16</u>.
- » There's plenty on Prince Harry, his marriage to Meghan and their decision to opt out of royal duties in <u>Chapters</u> <u>24</u>, <u>25</u> and <u>29</u>.
- » What about Elizabeth's wealth? Try Chapter 17.
- » Find out about Elizabeth's religious faith in <u>Chapter 19</u>, or her love of horses, dogs and other animals in <u>Chapter 22</u>.

The detailed Table of Contents is also a good place to begin. And if you can't find what you want there, don't forget the index. Wherever you start, welcome to the extraordinary world of Queen Elizabeth II!

## Part 1 The Road to the Throne

## IN THIS PART ...

Queen Elizabeth II may not be as instantly recognizable as Lady Diana or Prince Harry, but without her no one would have even heard of Di or Harry. The nonagenarian monarch is the rock on whom rests every other current member of Britain's famous (and sometimes infamous) Royal Family.

That said, Queen Elizabeth does not stand alone. She is the latest in a line of kings and queens that stretches back into Britain's dim and distant past. From her ancestors she has inherited the glittering trappings of power, as well as customs, traditions and – most problematic of all – attitudes. The responsibilities these bring are enormous.

The Queen was not born into her current role. She was raised as a princess, but not as the future monarch. Only when her headstrong uncle chose love over the crown did her future suddenly change. Her father became king and she heir to his throne.

From that moment onward, it was only a matter of time.

## <u>Chapter 1</u>

## Queen Elizabeth II: A Global Icon

#### **IN THIS CHAPTER**

- » Carrying the weight of history on her shoulders
- » Following in her family's footsteps
- » Being a multi-tasking Queen and mother
- » Understanding the secrets of Elizabeth's success

Great Britain is the only country in the world without a name on its postage stamps. This is not just because Britain invented adhesive postage stamps with a 'we were here first' attitude when it comes to mail; it's also because Brits reckon an image is all that's needed for others to recognize where UK mail has come from.

The image is not a map, nor a man-made feature, nor an animal. It is a portrait of the *Head of State*, meaning Britain's reigning monarch. For almost three-quarters of a century, longer than any other person to hold the office, Great Britain's stamps have been adorned by the profile of Queen Elizabeth II.



REMEMBER Since the time of Henry VIII (r. 1509–1547 – see the nearby sidebar to find out what 'r.' means), England's monarchs have been called 'Your Majesty'. The title had previously been used only for God. The weight of history grows heavier if we give the Queen her full title: 'Elizabeth II, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and of her other realms and territories Queen, Head of the Commonwealth, Defender of the Faith.' That's quite a mouthful!

#### **REIGNS AND LIVES**

Dates prefaced by an 'r.' are the years of a monarch's reign. Dates given without an 'r.' are the years of a person's life or an event. A single date preceded by a 'b.' is the year a person was born.

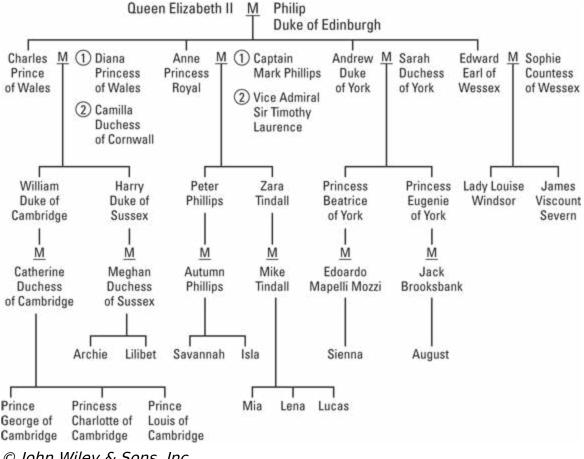


The inheritance is as daunting as the job title. As we get to grips with what makes Elizabeth tick, bear in mind that she sees herself as a sort of athlete in a relay race. The royal baton was handed to her by her father (see <u>Chapters 5</u> and <u>6</u>); her job is to hand it on intact to her heir. That, above all, is what drives her.



REMEMBER Throughout this book, you'll encounter Elizabeth's extended family, heirs, and line of succession. Check out <u>Figure 1-1</u> for a diagram explaining who's who in the modern Royal Family (and flick back to this page

#### as you're reading through the book - I honestly don't expect you to memorize this sort of thing!).



© John Wiley & Sons, Inc.

FIGURE 1-1: Queen Elizabeth II's family tree.

This chapter looks more closely at the Queen's historic inheritance and the range of work involved in trying to maintain it. It concludes with a few suggestions as to why, showing stoic toughness and blessed with not a little luck, in most people's opinion by the time of her Platinum Jubilee (2022), she had made a fair fist of it.

## Carrying the Weight of *History*

Queen Elizabeth's paternal grandmother, Queen Mary, sometime Empress of India, was an impressive figure. She demanded that Elizabeth curtsey whenever they met, and instructed her awestruck grandchild that kings and queens never smiled in public.

Though no academic, Queen Mary was a keen historian. Her specialization was genealogy, specifically the genealogy of her family. Born in 1867, she clearly remembered Queen Victoria (r. 1837–1901) and proudly recalled how King George III (r. 1760–1820) was her great-grandfather (find out more about these monarchs in <u>Chapter 3</u>). From this austere figure of her impressionable childhood years, Elizabeth was left in no doubt as to the weighty significance of her royal heritage.



ECHNICAL Perhaps appropriately, in 1913, Britain's latest armour-plated battlecruiser was named after Queen Mary. It lasted less well than its namesake, exploding and sinking during the Battle of Jutland, 1916, in World War I.

You can read more about Queen Mary in <u>Chapter 4</u>.

#### Heading up a monarchy 1,500 years in the making

Elizabeth was born in 1926. Though Britain had been severely shaken by the bloodletting and vast expenditure of World War I (1914–1918), during the years of the Princess' childhood it was still a major world power. Its industry and commerce were formidable. The sprawling British empire – the largest the world had ever seen – remained more or less intact. If self-governing Dominions (see <u>Chapter 10</u>) were included, it stretched from New Zealand via India and large swathes of Africa to northern Canada.

That a country less than half the size of Texas should achieve so much was a source of national pride. This was reflected in the history taught to the young Elizabeth by family members and tutors (see <u>Chapter 4</u> for more on her early life). She learned that, though there had been setbacks, British history was generally a story of progress. And a number of worthy monarchs had sometimes been part of that progress.

Here are a few of the more important ones she may have been told about:

- » Alfred the Great (r. 871-899): The doughty King of Wessex (an Anglo-Saxon kingdom in southwest England) who resisted and then overcame an invasion by barbaric Vikings.
- William the Conqueror (r. 1066-1087): The Duke of Normandy in northern France who seized the English throne, thereby paving the way for his country to become a major European power.
- » Henry V (r. 1413-1422): A warrior king whose victory over the French at the Battle of Agincourt (1415) inspired William Shakespeare's memorable patriotic verses.
- » Henry VIII (r. 1509-1547): A ruthless patriot who freed England from papal (Catholic) interference and put himself at the head of the Church of England.
- » Elizabeth I (r. 1558-1603): A potential role model for Elizabeth II (though she denied it!) who demonstrated how a queen could reign as competently as any king.

- » Charles II (r. 1660-1685): A highly intelligent king with an innate political sense who guided the monarchy through a tricky post-republican era.
- » Victoria (r. 1837-1901): Elizabeth's great-greatgrandmother whose reign laid the foundations of Britain's modern constitutional monarchy.

As well as these stand-out characters, the young Elizabeth would probably have found out about a whole host of others. A good many were pretty average. She can't have imagined enjoying a tea party with the ineffective Henry VI (r. 1422–1461) or the oddly named Harthacnut (r. 940–942). Nor with George I, who spoke scarcely any English. And poor Edward V (r. 1485) wasn't on the throne long enough to take tea with anyone. (Not that the Brits knew what tea was back then.)

Did the Princess thrill at the martial exploits of the warrior king Edward III (r. 1327–1377)? Was she fascinated by the idea that monarchs, like her doting but grumpy grandfather George V (r. 1910–1936), were placed on the throne by God, as propounded by James I of England (r. 1603–1625; aka King James VI of Scotland)? Maybe some of the tales she heard gave her nightmares. According to Shakespeare, the source of all the best stories of medieval skullduggery, Richard II (r. 1377–1399) was slain with an axe, John (r. 1199–1216) was poisoned by a monk, and Richard III (r. 1483–1485) had two little princes murdered in the Tower of London.

Q

The sovereigns I've mentioned are by no means a complete list and the details offered are scanty. Don't worry, we'll meet them again in greater detail in <u>Chapters 2</u> and <u>3</u>. They are here simply to illustrate the enormous weight of history that bore down on Elizabeth's shoulders the moment she knew she was destined to wear the Crown. Whatever she thought of the long line of kings and queens who came before her, she was their heir and could never, ever forget it.

She owed it to them, and to history, not to mess things up.

#### Ruling the jig-saw kingdom

Non-Brits frequently refer to Elizabeth II as Queen of England. Though this is not wrong, it is incomplete. The reason why becomes apparent when scrolling down the list of countries that springs up automatically when completing an online form. After searching in vain for 'England' or even 'Britain', down among the 'U's one finds 'United Kingdom' between 'United Arab Emirates' and 'United States'. In the British Isles, Elizabeth is Queen of the United Kingdom, a jig-saw realm.



REMEMBER Even Brits get confused by this one! The 'British Isles' is a geographical name for a group of 6,000+ islands off northwest Europe. The two largest are Britain (made up of the countries of England, Scotland and Wales) and Ireland. The 'United Kingdom' is the European bit of Elizabeth II's realm. It comprises England, Scotland and Wales, plus the province of Northern Ireland.

Like many countries, the United Kingdom started small and expanded over time. Between the years 43 and 410, England and Wales (but not Scotland or Ireland) were part of the Roman Empire. After the Romans left, the British Isles split up into a number of tribal units.

By the sixth century AD, some tribal chiefs were calling themselves kings, and may even have taken the title *Bretwalda* ('Britain ruler'). The title didn't mean much because England, let alone all Britain, was nowhere near a single kingdom, but it certainly made them sound more impressive.

The United Kingdom's jig-saw came together in four steps of unity:

- In the ninth century AD, the Anglo-Saxon kingdom of Wessex fought back against Viking invaders from Scandinavia. Bit by bit, they added Viking and Anglo-Saxon territories to their realm until, by the time of King Athelstan (r. 895–939), all England lay within a single kingdom. Athelstan is Elizabeth II's thirtieth great-granduncle.
- The Normans (meaning 'Northmen' from Normandy in modern-day France) conquered England in 1066 and then Ireland in the late twelfth century. With two of its four constituent parts in place, the United Kingdom was now half-way there. The English and Irish parliaments were amalgamated in 1801.
- » Wales was conquered by Edward I (r. 1277-1307) in the thirteenth century. To placate the Welsh, who had – and still have – their own ancient language, King Edward 'gave' them his infant son to be 'Prince of Wales'. The title has been given to the heir apparent ever since (see the nearby sidebar). It currently belongs to Prince Charles, Elizabeth's eldest son. With the addition of Wales, the United Kingdom was threequarters complete.

Scotland took a long time to pull together its scattered and mountainous territories into a single kingdom, and finished the process only with the acquisition of the Orkney and Shetland Isles in 1472. The 1503 marriage of James IV (supposedly a distant ancestor of mine, r. 1488-1513) to a sister of England's Henry VIII, laid the foundations for the union of the two crowns. This came about when Scotland's James VI succeeded Queen Elizabeth to become James I of England. Full political union of England and Scotland followed in 1707.

But, of course, this is no more than a snapshot of the complex history of the United Kingdom! (See <u>Chapter 2</u> for more details on the backstory of the British monarchy.)



WARNING Readers with Irish ancestry may already know that the union outlined above did not last. In 1921, Southern Ireland (also known as Eire or the Republic of Ireland) left the UK after years of tension and bloodshed. As a result, Elizabeth is Queen of England, Wales, Scotland and Northern Ireland. During her reign, more Irish troubles and a Scottish independence movement further threatened the unity of her realm (see <u>Chapters 15</u> and <u>21</u>).

#### WHAT'S AN HEIR APPARENT?

The person in line to succeed a monarch on their death or abdication is their *heir*. The *heir apparent*, traditionally a first-born son, is someone whose right to succeed cannot be taken away by the birth of someone else. An *heir presumptive*, often a first-born female or a cousin of the monarch, is an heir whose right to succeed is lost on the birth of a more eligible child.