TRAVEL WORDS IN PICTURES



# Spanish Visual Dictionary



dümmies



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#### Spanish Visual Dictionary For Dummies®

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# Introduction

This Visual Dictionary For Dummies is your ideal travel companion. It can be carried conveniently and consulted quickly; all you have to do is show the picture of the thing you're talking about or of the situation you wish to describe, and presto! And since the pictures are accompanied by the corresponding English words and their Spanish translations, you will also be able to learn a lot of new vocabulary!

#### Sounds, Rhythm, and Intonation

Spanish and English have a lot in common, including a common history. While Spanish is a Romance language and English is Germanic, a portion of the English language was influenced by Romance sources and vice-versa. Many centuries ago, as these languages were still fairly new, they began to merge as the Germanic and Roman people increased communication. This common history means our two vocabularies also have much in common — in fact, 30 percent to 40 percent of all words in English have a related word in Spanish.

#### The sounds: the vowels

#### Simple vowels

In English, the vowels are divided into two groups: the so-called long or tense vowels, and the so-called short or

lax vowels. Spanish does away with the distinction — all vowels are pronounced alike.

- agua (A): The Spanish "a" sound in agua is the same as the "a" sound in English word father.
- deber (E): The Spanish "e" is pronounced like the "eh" in the English word web.
- dificil (I): The Spanish "i" is pronounced like the "ee" in the English word deed.
- otoño (O): The Spanish "o" sound in otoño is a good match for the long "o" sound in the English word oak.
- **sur (U):** The Spanish "u" sound in **sur** matches the vowel sound we have in the English word **tool**.

#### Blending your words

Yes, Spanish speakers tend to talk fast! That means words tend to blend together — and you sometimes don't make a clear distinction from the end of one word and the beginning of another. This is especially true in the following cases:

- When the last letter of a word is the same as the first letter of the next word
- When the last letter of a word is a consonant and the first letter of the next word is a vowel
- When the last letter of a word is a vowel and the first letter of the next word is a vowel

#### Intonation

Intonation in Spanish — deciding which syllable to stress — is particularly difficult for English speakers. Words are stressed in a different rhythm than in English. Don't worry, though; if you follow a few simple guidelines, you'll soon be speaking Spanish like a native:

- Words that end with vowels are stressed on the next-to-last syllable.
- Words that end with an "n" or an "s" are also stressed on the next-to-last syllable.
- Words that end with a consonant that is not an "n" or an "s" are stressed on the last syllable.
- Exceptions to the rules above are marked with an accent over the vowel to be stressed.

#### The sounds: the consonants

Most Spanish consonants match the sound of English exactly, but you'll need to pay particular attention to some consonants that are tricky for English speakers to pronounce.

"II": The "II" has the same sound that the letter "j" does in a lot of English words — juice, jade, June, and July, for example. That means juice and Iluvia (rain) both start with the same sound.

- "y": When you have a "y" at the beginning or middle of a word, the "y" sound is the same as the Spanish "Il" or the English "j" in juice. When you have a "y" at the end of the word, it acts as a vowel sound just like the "ee" in eerie.
- "b" and "v": This may take some getting used to.
  In Spanish, there is absolutely no difference between the sound of "b" and the sound of "v" it will always be a "b" sound. That means Venezuela actually sounds like Benezuela.
- "h": Spanish speakers don't generally pronounce the letter "h." The one exception is when it is used in combination with a "c," as in "ch." When that occurs, it has the "ch" sound we have in English for chair or choose. (Think chimichanga or churros.)
- "j": The "j" sound is the same as the basic "h" sound in English; think Javier. There is a subtle difference depending on where you are parts of Latin America versus regions in Spain, to be more specific. In some areas El Salvador, for example the "j" sounds very much like the English "h"; in Guatemala, the "j" sound still sounds like an "h," but it has a more ragged, raspy feel to it.

- "r": When used at the beginning, middle, or end of a word, Spanish speakers "roll their rs," which is something English speakers rarely do. The closest we come is when we try to imitate a dog by saying rrruuuufff rrrruuuufff! That means the "r" in the Spanish word roja is more like the "r" in rrrrrrrro rrrrrrro rrrrrrrosey, goodbye.
- 'ñ': The "n with a little mustache on" will be a new phenomenon for English speakers. Just think of it as an "ny" combination, as in the English word lanyard. (The accent mark on the "n" is known as a tilde.)
- "z": Here, regional differences again play a role. If you are speaking Spanish in Latin America, there's really no difference between "z" and "s" sounds, but if you're in Spain and you want to pronounce the "z" sound correctly, you need talk as if you have a lisp, changing the "z" for a "th," as in the English word thick. Some words that'll help you practice the "z" sound are cereza (cherry), zapatos (shoes), and Suiza (Switzerland).

# ¡Vamos!

Let's go!



El avión



El aeropuerto Airport



**El avión** Airplane



La compañía aérea



El mostrador Ticket counter



El equipaje Luggage



El equipaje de mano Carry-on luggage



El bolso de viaje Travel bag



La maleta Suitcase



El carrito [Luggage] cart



Productos líquidos Liquid products



I control de segurida Security checkpoint



El ciudadano de los EE UU U.S. citizen



El avión



El carné de identidad Identity card



El pasaporte Passport



El control de pasaportes Passport control



La facturación Check-in



La aduana Customs



El billete de ida y vuelta Round-trip ticket



La puerta de embarque



La tarjeta de embarque Boarding card



El embarque Boarding



La salida de emergencia Emergency exit



El piloto Pilot



La azafata Flight attendant



El avión Plane



El vuelo Flight



De ventanilla (Seat) by the window



De pasillo (Seat) on the aisle



El asiento Seat



El cinturón de seguridad El chaleco salvavidas Seat belt



Life vest



La máscara de oxígeno Oxygen mask



El despegue Take-off



El aterrizaje Landing



La llegada Arrivals



Carrusel de equipaje Baggage carousel



El autobús Shuttle bus



#### Frases clave

#### **Key phrases**

¿A qué hora sale/llega?	What time do we leave?/ arrive?		
¿Dónde está el mostrador de Iberia?	Where is the lberia ticket office/desk?		
¿Dónde se factura el equipaje?	Where do we check our luggage?		
¿Puedo llevar esta bolsa como equipaje de mano?	Can I take this bag as carry- on luggage?		
¿A qué hora y dónde es el embarque?	At what time and at what gate is boarding?/When do we board and at which gate?		
¿Podría darme los horarios de los vuelos para ?	Could you give me the flight schedules for ?		
¿Cuánto dura el vuelo?	How long does the flight last?		
¿Dónde se recoge el equipaje?	Where is luggage pick-up/ baggage claim?		
He olvidado algo en el avión.	I left something on the plane.		
Me falta una maleta.	I am missing a suitcase.		
me faita ana maieta.	I am missing a suitcase.		



## El tren y los transportes públicos The train and public transport



La estación Station



El andén Platform



La vía Track



El tren Train



El billete de tren Train ticket



La primera clase First class



La segunda clase Second class



El asiento Seat



La litera Bunk/berth



El vagón restaurante Dining car



Information



La reserva Booking



#### El tren y los transportes públicos

The train and public transport



El billete de ida/ de ida y vuelta One-way/round-trip ticket



La salida Departure



El retraso Delay



La cancelación Cancellation



**El horario** Schedule/timetable



Picar To punch (a ticket)



Subir al tren To get on the train



**Bajar del tren** To get off the train



**La llegada** Arrival



**El revisor** Conductor



La cola de espera Waiting line



La ventanilla de venta de billetes Ticket window/booth



## El tren y los transportes públicos The train and public transport



La máquina de boletos Ticket machine



El transbordo Connection



El autobús Bus



El conductor de bus Bus driver



La parada de autobús Bus stop



El metro Metro/subway



La línea de metro Metro/subway line



La estación de metro Metro/subway station



El cercanías Commuter train



El tranvía Trolley/streetcar



El funicular Cable car